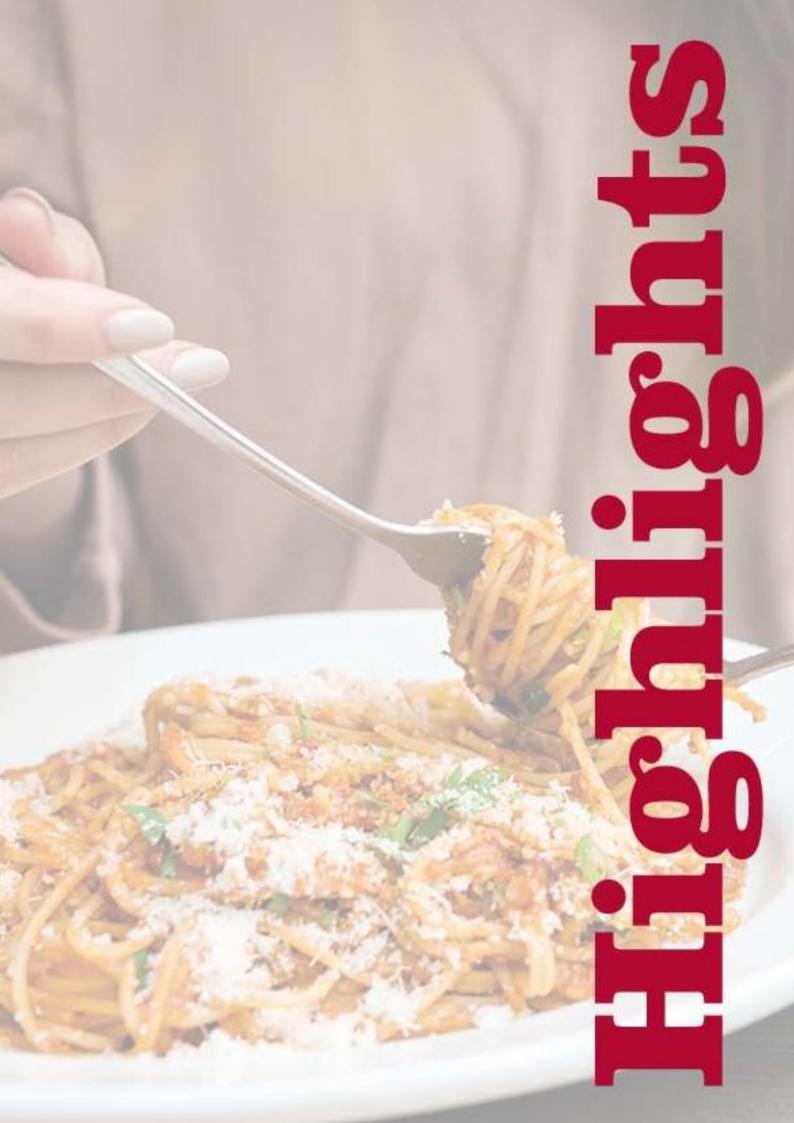






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Financial highlights (consolidated data)

3 months ended

	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Revenue	444.9	347.4
Operating profit	17.4	11.7
Profit before tax	7.1	7.2
Net profit	3.8	4.5
Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests	0.1	(0.6)
Net profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	3.7	5.1
Cash flows from operating activities	56.5	23.0
Cash flows from investing activities	(44.8)	(33.4)
Cash flows from financing activities	(22.5)	(2.8)
Total cash flows, net	(10.8)	(13.2)
Average weighted number of ordinary shares in issue	219 554 183	212 138 930
Average weighted number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per shares	219 554 183	212 138 930
Basic earnings per share (EUR)	0.02	0.02
Diluted earnings per share (EUR)	0.02	0.02
Declared or paid dividend per share	-	-

	As at 31 March 2019	As at 31 December 2018
Total assets	2 226.3	1 441.3
Total liabilities and provisions	1 787.0	1 010.7
Non-current liabilities	1 410.8	745.4
Current liabilities	376.2	265.3
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent	429.7	420.7
Non-controlling interests	9.6	9.9
Total equity	439.3	430.6
Share capital	22.0	22.0
Number of restaurants	2 138	2 126

The Group has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which comparative information is not restated.

Part A. Management Report for Q1 2019

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The Group's performance in Q1 2019

Revenues

Consolidated revenues of AmRest Group in Q1 2019 amounted to EUR 444.9 million, representing a 28.1% or EUR 97.5 million growth year over year. Positive LFL trends continued in most of the markets in the reporting period, especially in CEE region. Top line growth was supported by consolidation of the businesses acquired in 2018. During the last 12 months 517 new restaurants were added to the portfolio, of which 236 through M&A initiatives. The revenues of the Core business, i.e. adjusted for recent M&As (acquisition of Sushi Shop Group, KFC and Pizza Hut in France, KFC and Pizza Hut in Russia and Bacoa in Spain) amounted to EUR 351.9 million in Q1 2019 and were 12.5% higher than year ago.

The highest dynamics in sales in the reported period was observed in Western Europe. The top line growth of 52.3% to EUR 190.7 million was mainly driven by consolidation of new businesses (full impact of consolidated sales of Sushi Shop Group and second part of KFC France in the reporting period) as well as solid core revenue increase reported by Spanish market (15% growth year over year due to new openings and positive LFL trends). During the last 12 months, the Group added 271 new restaurants in Western Europe.

In Central and Eastern Europe, the revenues reached EUR 185.8 million in Q1 2019. The 13.6% growth over the year was mainly driven by positive LFL trends in all franchise brands in their major regions of operations, as well as further expansion of AmRest's portfolio. In the last 12 months the Group added 144 new restaurants in Central and Eastern Europe.

The revenues of Russian division amounted to EUR 43.9 million in Q1 2019. Double-digit growth of 11.5% over the year was achieved on the back of continued organic expansion (41 restaurants opened in the last 12 months) and the acquisition of Pizza Hut stores. In local currency, the revenues increased by 19.2% in the reporting period.

Positive revenue trend was still observed in China in Q1 2019 as Blue Frog brand continued to report growth in LFL sales. Additionally, AmRest expanded its business in the region by rolling out 17 new restaurants in the last 12 months. The revenues of Chinese division in Q1 2019 amounted to EUR 19.7 million and were 28.6% higher than year ago.

Significant increase in the revenues in Other Western Europe division in the reported period was a result of consolidation of Sushi Shop Group sales attributed to countries other than explicitly listed in the segment reporting and store expansion of La Tagliatella brand in Portugal.



Chart 1 AmRest Group's sales in Q1 2019 compared to previous years (in EUR millions)

Profitability

During the first quarter of 2019 reported margins were shaped by a solid performance of the Core business despite strong labor cost pressure on major markets, full consolidation of the results of Sushi Shop Group, ongoing integration of recent M&A projects as well as IFRS 16 impact, especially on the EBITDA line.

Total reported EBITDA of the Group amounted to EUR 76.8 million, representing a 17.3% margin. Excluding the impact of IFRS 16, comparable EBITDA reached EUR 42.1 million, growing at 24.8% over the year. At the same time, non-IFRS 16 EBITDA margin decreased by 0.2pp to 9.5%.

The non-IFRS 16 EBITDA of the Group's Core business (i.e. excluding all recent M&A projects) amounted to EUR 35.5 million in Q1 2019 and was 12.5% higher than year ago. As a result, the EBITDA margin of the Core business remained flat over the year at 10.1%.

Group's profits in the reporting period were mainly impacted by growing payroll cost, which increased by 38.6% over the year (+2.0pp compared to Q1 2018). Such dynamics were driven by continued salary pressure in WE and CEE markets as well as consolidation of new businesses, characterized by relatively higher labor cost share. This was offset by further increase in efficiencies in supply chain management (-0.3pp) and leverage effects. Reported operating profit (EBIT) of the Group amounted to EUR 17.4 million or 3.9%. Excluding the impact of IFRS 16, AmRest's comparable EBIT reached EUR 14.6 million, representing 24.8% growth over the year. The non-IFRS 16 EBIT margin stood at 3.3% and was 0.1pp lower than in Q1 2018.

Reported net profit attributable to AmRest shareholders in Q1 2019 reached EUR 3.7 million. Without the impact of IFRS 16 the result was EUR 6.2 million (+22.4% over the year). Comparable net profit margin amounted to 1.4% and was 0.1% pp lower than in Q1 2018.

Non-IFRS 16 adjusted net debt at the end of Q1 2019 equaled EUR 579.4 million which resulted in comparable leverage level at 3.1.

Reported EBITDA in the CEE region reached EUR 38.0 million or 20.5% margin. Excluding IFRS 16 impact EBITDA was EUR 24.1 million (EUR +3.0 million over the year). Profitability remained under the pressure from growing labor cost but was offset by better food cost management and leverage effects. The comparable EBITDA margin in Q1 2019 increased by 0.1pp to 13.0%.

Reported EBITDA of Russian division amounted to EUR 8.2 million. Adjusted for IFRS 16 impact, the result was EUR 4.0 million (EUR -0.4 million over the year), while comparable EBITDA margin decreased by 2.1pp to 9.2%. Negative impact on profitability was primarily driven by a strong rollout of new restaurants and dilutive impact of acquired Pizza Hut chain in the region, where restructuring processes are in place in order to improve the results.

The EBITDA reported by Western Europe division amounted to EUR 29.1 million. Excluding the impact from IFRS-16 EBITDA reached EUR 15.9 million (EUR +4.3 million over the year) while comparable EBITDA margin decreased by 1.0pp to 8.3%. The whole WE division faced pressure from growing labor and food costs as well as increased G&A expenses resulted from solid portfolio expansion in the region (79 organic openings and 192 stores acquired in last 12 months). This was partially offset by lower share of occupancy and royalty costs mainly due to the full quarter impact from delivery-oriented and proprietary character of Sushi Shop Group's results.

Other Western Europe segment reported a significant increase in profitability as it includes Sushi Shop Group results not attributed to explicitly reported countries in the segment reporting.

Chart 2 AmRest Group's non-IFRS 16 EBITDA in Q1 2019 compared to previous years (in EUR millions)

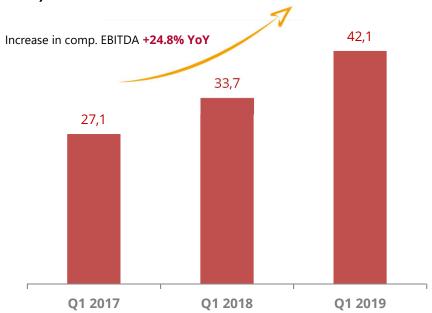


Table 1 Split of revenues and EBITDA by divisions for Q1 2018 and Q1 2019

	3 m	onths ended	3 month			
	with IFRS16 impact		IFRS16 impact excluded		31 Marc	:h 2018
	Amount	% of sales	Amount	% of sales	Amount	% of sales
Revenue	444.9		444.9		347.4	
Poland	104.6	23.5%	104.6	23.5%	95.3	27.4%
Czechia	43.8	9.8%	43.8	9.8%	37.5	10.8%

	3 m	3 months ended				
	with IFRS16 impact		IFRS16 impact 6	excluded	31 March 2018	
	Amount	% of sales	Amount	% of sales	Amount	% of sales
Hungary	24.5	5.5%	24.5	5.5%	19.9	5.7%
Other CEE	12.9	2.9%	12.9	2.9%	10.9	3.1%
Total CEE	185.8	41.8%	185.8	41.8%	163.6	47.1%
Russia	43.9	9.9%	43.9	9.9%	39.4	11.3%
Spain	65.0	14.6%	65.0	14.6%	55.2	15.9%
Germany	40.5	9.1%	40.5	9.1%	40.8	11.8%
France	75.0	16.9%	75.0	16.9%	29.0	8.3%
Other Western Europe	10.2	2.3%	10.2	2.3%	0.2	0.3%
Western Europe	190.7	42.9%	190.7	42.9%	125.2	36.0%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	190.7	42.9%	190.7	42.9%	15.3	4.4%
China	4.8		4.8		3.9	
Other	4.8	1.1%	4.8	1.1%	3.9	1.1%
	Amount	Margin	Amount	Margin	Amount	Margin
EBITDA	76.8	17.3%	42.1	9.5%	33.7	9.7%
Poland	19.0	18.1%	10.9	10.4%	9.3	9.8%
Czechia	11.4	26.0%	8.4	19.1%	7.4	19.6%
Hungary	5.4	21.8%	3.8	15.5%	3.3	16.5%
Other CEE	2.2	18.0%	1.0	7.8%	1.0	9.5%
Total CEE	38.0	20.5%	24.1	13.0%	21.0	12.8%
Russia	8.2	18.7%	4.0	9.2%	4.4	11.2%
Spain	16.5	25.5%	12.0	18.5%	11.6	20.9%
Germany	3.7	9.0%	(1.6)	-	(1.1)	-
France	7.7	10.2%	4.6	6.1%	1.2	4.1%
Other Western Europe	1.2	12.2%	0.9	8.1%	(0.1)	-
Western Europe	29.1	15.3%	15.9	8.3%	11.6	9.3%
China	4.7	23.8%	1.4	7.4%	0.8	5.3%
Other	(3.2)	23.070	(3.3)	7.470	(4.1)	5.570
Adjusted EBITDA*	78.4	17.6%	44.0	9.9%	35.7	10.3%
Poland	19.4	18.5%	11.3	10.8%	9.7	10.1%
Czechia	11.6	26.4%	8.6	19.6%	7.4	19.8%
Hungary	5.6	23.0%	4.1	16.7%	3.4	17.0%
Other CEE	2.4	19.0%	1.2	9.2%		10.3%
Total CEE	39.0	21.0%	25.2	13.6%	21.6	13.2%
	8.3	19.0%	4.2	9.5%	4.6	
Russia						11.7%
Spain	16.7	25.7%	12.2	18.8%	11.9	21.4%
Germany	3.9	9.6%	(1.3)	-	(0.8)	-
France	7.7	10.3%	4.6	6.2%	1.7	5.9%
Other Western Europe	1.3	12.2%	0.9	8.1%	(0.1)	-
Western Europe	29.6	15.5%	16.4	8.6%	12.7	10.2%
China	4.8	24.3%	1.5	7.8%	0.9	5.8%
Other	(3.3)	-	(3.3)	-	(4.1)	-
EBIT	17.4	3.9%	14.6	3.3%	11.7	3.4%
Poland	5.1	4.9%	4.3	4.1%	3.2	3.4%
Czechia	6.1	14.0%	5.9	13.4%	5.0	13.3%
Hungary	2.1	8.6%	2.0	8.1%	1.9	9.5%
Other CEE	(0.3)	-	(0.5)	-	(0.1)	-
Total CEE	13.0	7.0%	11.7	6.3%	10.0	6.1%
Russia	1.0	2.4%	0.8	1.8%	2.0	5.0%
Spain	8.1	12.5%	7.6	11.7%	8.1	14.6%
Germany	(3.4)	-	(3.8)	-	(3.2)	
France	1.7	2.3%	1.4	1.9%	(0.3)	-
Other Western Europe	0.6	4.9%	0.5	4.6%	(0.2)	-
Western Europe	7.0	3.7%	5.7	3.0%	4.4	3.5%
China	(0.1)	-	(0.1)	-	(0.4)	-

Table 2 Reconciliation of the net profit and adjusted EBITDA for Q1 2018 and Q1 2019

	3 mont	hs ended 3	31 Marcl	ո 2019	3 month	s ended	Q1	/Q1
	with IFRS1	l6 impact		impact luded	31 Mar	ch 2018	with IFRS 16 impact	IFRS16 impact excluded
	Amount	% of sales	Amount	% of sales	Amount	% of sales	% of change	% of change
Restaurant sales	422.6	95.0%	422.6	95.0%	328.2	94.5%	28.8%	28.8%
Franchise and other sales	22.3	5.0%	22.3	5.0%	19.2	5.5%	16.1%	16.1%
Total sales	444.9		444.9		347.4		28.1%	28.1%
Profit/(loss) for the period	3.8	0.9%	6.4	1.4%	4.5	1.3%	(15.6)%	42.2%
+ Finance costs	10.7	2.5%	4.4	1.0%	4.7	1.4%	127.7%	(6.4)%
– Finance income	(0.4)	0.0%	(0.2)	0.0%	(0.2)	(0.1)%	100.0%	0.0%
+ Income tax expense	3.3	0.7%	4.0	0.9%	2.7	0.8%	22.2%	48.1%
+ Depreciation and Amortisation	58.8	13.2%	26.9	6.0%	21.5	6.2%	173.5%	25.1%
+ Impairment losses	0.6	0.1%	0.6	0.1%	0.5	0.1%	20.0%	20.0%
EBITDA	76.8	17.3%	42.1	9.5%	33.7	9.7%	127.9%	24.9%
+ Start-up expenses*	1.6	0.4%	1.9	0.4%	2.0	0.6%	(20.0)%	(5.0)%
Adjusted EBITDA	78.4	17.6%	44.0	9.9%	35.7	10.3%	119.6%	23.3%

^{*} Start-up expenses – all material operating expenses incurred in connection with new restaurants opening and prior to the opening.

Significant events and transactions in Q1 2019 (till the date of publication of this Report)

Termination of Share Purchase Agreement - TELE PIZZA, S.A.U.

On July 26, 2018 AmRest Sp. z o.o. ("AmRest Poland") and TELE PIZZA, S.A.U. ("Seller") signed a Share Purchase Agreement ("SPA"), pursuant to which AmRest Poland would acquire 100% shares of TELEPIZZA POLAND Sp. z o.o. ("Telepizza Poland") at an estimated price of ca. EUR 8 million.

Telepizza Poland is the master franchisee of Telepizza restaurants across Poland and is fully owned by the Seller. Currently Telepizza Poland operates 95 restaurants, both in equity (33 units) and franchise (62 locations) business model.

The completion of the transaction was contingent upon a number of conditions, including obtaining antitrust approvals, conclusion of a license agreement with the Seller authorizing Telepizza Polska to continue operation of its business and lack of the material adverse change events ("MAC").

On March 7th, 2019 AmRest informed that the SPA was automatically terminated due to failure to meet the conditions precedent specified in the SPA before the Long Stop Date (i.e. failure to obtain the consent for the concentration from the Office of Competition and Customer Protection before the Long Stop Date).

^{*}Adjusted EBITDA – EBITDA adjusted for new openings expenses (Start-up costs), M&A expenses: all material expenses connected with successful acquisition covering professional services (legal, financial, other) directly connected with transaction, effect of SOP exercise method modification (difference in accounting cost of employee benefits accounted under cash settled versus equity settled option plan).

Share sale agreement between Gosha Holdings, S.à.r.l. and FCapital Dutch, B.V.

On March 27, 2019 AmRest was notified by its controlling shareholder, FCapital Dutch, B.V. (Grupo Finaccess subsidiary; "FCapital", the "Purchaser"), and one of its significant shareholders, Gosha Holdings, S.à.r.l. ("Gosha", the "Seller"), that FCapital and Gosha have executed a share sale agreement pursuant to which the Purchaser will acquire from the Seller its entire shareholding in AmRest, consisting of 23 426 313 shares representing 10.67% of the Company's share capital, for a price per share of EUR 13.22, amounting an aggregate of EUR 309 695 857.86 (the "Transaction"). The Transaction is expected to be settled on 10 May 2019.

As a consequence, Mr. Henry McGovern and Mr. Steven Kent Winegar, members of the Board of Directors appointed at the request of the Seller and representing it at the Board, will resign from their positions upon execution of the Transaction, according to article 11 of AmRest's Board of Directors' Regulations, and effective as of the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of AmRest for the year 2019.

Changes in the Company's Governing Bodies

According to the resolution adopted by the Extraordinary General Meeting of AmRest Holdings SE on 5 October 2017, that came into force on 12 March 2018 (date of the registration of the Comapany's registered office in Pozuelo de Alarcón, Madrid, Spain), the composition of the Board of Directors is as follows:

- Mr. José Parés Gutiérrez
- Mr. Carlos Fernández González
- Mr. Luis Miguel Álvarez Pérez
- Mr. Henry McGovern
- Mr. Steven Kent Winegar Clark
- Mr. Pablo Castilla Reparaz
- Mr. Mustafa Ogretici
- Eduardo Rodríguez-Rovira Rodríguez (Secretary, non-Board member)
- Jaime Tarrero Martos (Deputy Secretary, non-Board member)

As at the day of publication of this Report the composition of the Board of Directors remains the same.

According to the share sale agreement between Gosha Holdings, S.à.r.l. and FCapital Dutch, B.V. described in "Significant events and transactions in Q1 2019" section of this report, Mr. Henry McGovern and Mr. Steven Kent Winegar, members of the Board of Directors, will resign from their positions upon execution of the respective transaction, and effective as of the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of AmRest for the year 2019.

Dividends paid during the period covered by this Report

During the period covered by this Report the Group has not paid any dividend.

Shareholders of AmRest Holdings SE

Pursuant to the best AmRest's knowledge as at 31 March 2019 AmRest Holdings had the following shareholder structure:

Shareholder	Number of shares and votes at the Shareholders' meeting	% of shares and votes at the Shareholders' meeting
FCapital Dutch B. V.*	123 777 447	56.38%
Gosha Holding S.à.r.l**	23 426 313	10.67%
Nationale-Nederlanden OFE	10 718 700	4.88%
Artal International S.C.A.	10 500 000	4.78%
Aviva OFE	7 013 700	3.19%
Other Shareholders	44 118 023	20.10%

^{*} FCapital Dutch B. V. is the majority shareholder of FCapital Lux (holding directly 56 509 547 AmRest shares) and the subsidiary of Finaccess Capital, S.A. de C.V. Grupo Finacces SAPI de CV is the direct majority shareholder of Finaccess Capital, S.A. de C.V. and a subsidiary of Grupo Far-Luca, S.A. de C.V. The direct majority shareholder of Grupo Far-Luca, S.A. de C.V., Mr. Carlos Fernández González, is a member of AmRest's Board of Directors.

Changes in the number of shares held by members of the Board of Directors

During the period since 1 January 2019 the following changes occurred with respect to AmRest shares and stock options held by the members of the Board of Directors of AmRest.

According to the best knowledge of AmRest, following members of the Board of Directors owned in this reporting period the Issuer's shares: Mr. Henry McGovern, Mr. Carlos Fernández González and Mr. Steven Kent Winegar Clark.

As at 31 December 2018 Mr. Henry McGovern held directly 172 340 AmRest's shares with a total nominal value of EUR 17 234. On 31 March 2019 (and simultaneously on the date of publication of this report) he held 302 340 shares of the Company with a total nominal value of EUR 30 234.

As at 31 December 2018 Gosha Holdings S.a.r.l. - the closely associated person of Mr. Henry McGovern and Mr. Steven Kent Winegar (the Company's Board of Directors members) held 23 426 313 shares of the Company with a total nominal value of EUR 2 342 631.3. On 31 March 2019 held the same amount of the Company's shares. The share sale agreement between Gosha Holdings S.a.r.l. and FCapital Dutch, B.V. that is expected to be settled on 10 May 2019 is described in Significant events and transactions in Q1 2019 point.

As at 31 December 2018 FCapital Dutch B.V. – the closely associated person of Mr. Carlos Fernández González (member of the Company's Board of Directors) held 123 777 447 shares of the Company with a total nominal value of EUR 12 377 744.7. On 31 March 2019 FCapital Dutch B.V. held the same amount of the Company's shares.

Transactions on AmRest shares concluded for the purpose of executing the management option plan

The commencement of the purchase of treasury shares occurred on the basis of Resolution No. 7 of the General Meeting of the Company of 19 May 2015 concerning the authorization for the Management Board to acquire treasury shares in the Company and the establishment of reserve capital and (replacing it) Resolution No. 9 of the General Meeting of the Company of 6 June 2018 concerning the authorization to the Board of Directors for the derivative acquisition of the Company's own shares made directly by the Company or indirectly through its subsidiaries as well as for the sale of the own shares.

The Company was acquiring the own shares for the purposes of:

^{**} Gosha Holding S.à.r.l. is a legal entity closely associated with Mr. Henry McGovern and Mr. Steven Kent Winegar, members of AmRest's Board of Directors.

- Execution of stock option programs: Employee Stock Option Plan and Management Incentive Plan,
- Securing the equivalent of EUR 13 million in own shares in order to enable planned payment to Mr. Grégory Marciano and Mr. Adrien de Schompré resulting from the acquisition of Sushi Shop Group SAS described in note "Significant events and transactions" of Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2018.

In the period between 1 January 2019 and 31 March, 2019, AmRest purchased a total of 43 000 own shares with a total nominal value of EUR 4 300 and representing 0.0196% of the share capital for a total price of approx. PLN 1.8 million (EUR 0.4 million). During the same period, the Company disposed a total of 383 780 own shares with a total nominal value of EUR 38 378 and representing 0.1748% of the share capital to entitled participants of the stock options plans. Disposal transactions under these plans were executed in three settlement methods, which impacted the sale price. Major part of the shares was transferred to the participants free of charge. As at 31 March 2019 AmRest held 1 245 958 own shares with a total nominal value of EUR 124 595.8 and representing 0.5675% of the share capital.

The subsidiaries of AmRest Holdings SE do not hold any Company's shares.

Forecasts of financial results

The Company has not published any forecasts of financial results.

Part B. Condensed Consolidated Interim Report for Q1 2019

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Condensed consolidated income statement for 3 months ended 31 March 2019

3 months ended

	••	
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Continuing operations		
Restaurant sales	422.6	328.2
Franchise and other sales	22.3	19.2
Total revenue	444.9	347.4
Restaurant expenses:		
Food and merchandise	(120.9)	(95.4)
Payroll, social security and employee benefits	(118.9)	(85.8)
Royalties	(19.8)	(17.0)
Occupancy, depreciation and other operating expenses	(120.7)	(99.0)
Franchise and other expenses	(14.7)	(14.4)
General and administrative expenses	(33.5)	(25.5)
Total operating costs and losses	(428.5)	(337.1)
Net impairment losses on financial assets	(0.1)	(0.5)
Net impairment losses on other assets	(0.5)	-
Other operating income/expenses	1.6	1.9
Profit from operations	17.4	11.7
Finance income	0.4	0.2
Finance costs	(10.7)	(4.7)
Profit before tax	7.1	7.2
Income tax	(3.3)	(2.7)
Profit for the period	3.8	4.5
Attributable to:		
Shareholders of the parent	3.7	5.1
Non-controlling interests	0.1	(0.6)
Profit for the period	3.8	4.5
Basic earnings per ordinary share in EUR	0.02	0.02*
Diluted earnings per ordinary share in EUR	0.02	0.02*

The above condensed consolidated income statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

The Group has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which comparative information is not restated.

* Including the effect of the share split as described in the note 9.

Condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income for 3 months ended 31 March 2019

3 months ended

	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Profit for the period	3.8	4.5
Other comprehensive income		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	8.6	3.6
Net investment hedges	-	-
Income tax related to net investment hedges	-	0.2
Total items that may be reclassified to the income	8.6	3.8
statement	0.0	5.0
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	8.6	3.8
Total comprehensive income for the period	12.4	8.3
Attributable to:		
Shareholders of the parent	12.2	8.5
Non-controlling interests	0.2	(0.2)

The above condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

The Group has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which comparative information is not restated.

Condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2019

	31 March 2019	31 December 2018
Assets		
Property, plant and equipment	511.0	500.9
Right-of-use assets	779.5	-
Goodwill	372.6	368.7
Intangible assets	241.0	240.8
Investment properties	5.2	5.2
Financial assets measured at fair value	26.9	26.9
Other non-current assets	25.7	26.4
Deferred tax assets	24.9	22.1
Total non-current assets	1 986.8	1 191.0
Inventories	23.8	25.7
Trade and other receivables	73.9	61.9
Corporate income tax receivables	5.1	8.0
Other current assets	29.5	36.3
Cash and cash equivalents	107.2	118.4
Total current assets	239.5	250.3
Total assets	2 226.3	1 441.3
Equity		
Share capital	22.0	22.0
Reserves	202.9	206.1
Retained earnings	235.2	231.5
Translation reserve	(30.4)	(38.9)
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent	429.7	420.7
Non-controlling interests	9.6	9.9
Total equity	439.3	430.6
Liabilities		
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	674.4	655.8
Lease liabilities	648.9	1.8
Employee benefits liability	1.7	1.7
Provisions	16.0	14.8
Deferred tax liability	45.6	46.2
Other non-current liabilities	24.2	25.1
Total non-current liabilities	1 410.8	745.4
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	9.7	6.0
Lease liabilities	125.5	0.6
Trade and other accounts payable	229.3	246.9
Corporate income tax liabilities	11.7	11.8
Total current liabilities	376.2	265.3
Total liabilities	1 787.0	1 010.7
Total equity and liabilities	2 226.3	1 441.3

The above condensed consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes. The Group has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which comparative information is not restated.

Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for 3 months ended 31 March 2019

3 months ended

	3 months ended			
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018		
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before tax from continued operations	7.1	7.2		
Adjustments for:				
Amortisation/Depreciation	58.8	21.5		
Net interest expense	9.7	2.7		
Foreign exchange result	(0.1)	1.4		
Result on disposal of property, plant and equipment and intangibles	0.2	-		
Impairment of non-financial assets	0.5	-		
Share-based payments	2.3	1.8		
Other	0.2	0.5		
Working capital changes:				
Change in trade and other receivables	(10.3)	1.9		
Change in inventories	2.1	2.2		
Change in other assets	(2.1)	(3.8)		
Change in payables and other liabilities	(11.2)	(10.3)		
Change in provisions and employee benefits	1.5	(0.4)		
Income tax paid	(2.2)	(1.7)		
Net cash from operating activities	56.5	23.0		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(37.4)	(32.0)		
Purchase of intangible assets	(7.4)	(1.4)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(44.8)	(33.4)		
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from share transfers (employees options)	0.2	0.1		
Repurchase of treasury shares	(0.4)	-		
Payments on settlement of employee stock options in cash	(0.2)	(0.3)		
Proceeds from loans and borrowings	34.2	-		
Repayment of loans and borrowings	(12.6)	(2.0)		
Payments of lease liabilities including interests paid	(35.2)	-		
Interest paid	(3.3)	(1.8)		
Interest received	0.1	0.2		
Transactions with non-controlling interest	(5.3)	1.0		
Net cash from financing activities	(22.5)	(2.8)		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(10.8)	(13.2)		
Effect of foreign exchange rate movements	(0.4)	0.5		
Balance sheet change of cash and cash equivalents	(11.2)	(12.7)		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	118.4	131.2		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	107.2	118.5		

The above condensed consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

The Group has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which comparative information is not restated.

Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for 3 months ended 31 March 2019

	Δttr	ributable to the					
	Share	ibutable to the	Retained	Translation		Non-controlling	Total
	capital	Reserves	earnings	reserve	Total	interest	equity
As at 1 January 2019	22.0	206.1	231.5	(38.9)	420.7	9.9	430.6
Profit for the period		200.1	3.7	(38.9)	3.7	0.1	3.8
Other comprehensive income			5.7	8.5	8.5	0.1	8.6
Total comprehensive income		-	3.7	8.5	12.2	0.1	12.4
•	-	- (4.0)	3./	6.5			
Transaction with non-controlling interests	-	(4.8)	-	-	(4.8)	(0.5)	(5.3)
Total transactions with non-controlling interests	-	(4.8)	-	-	(4.8)	(0.5)	(5.3)
Purchases of treasury shares	-	(0.4)	-	-	(0.4)	-	(0.4)
Share based payments	-	2.0	-	-	2.0	=	2.0
Total distributions and contributions	-	1.6	-	-	1.6	-	1.6
As at 31 March 2019	22.0	202.9	235.2	(30.4)	429.7	9.6	439.3
	Attr	Attributable to the shareholders of the parent					
	Share	D	Retained	Translation	T-4-1	Non-controlling	Total
	capital	Reserves	earnings	reserve	Total	interest	equity
As at 1 January 2018 (restated*)	0.2	152.3	188.5	(29.6)	311.4	8.9	320.3
Net profit for the period	-	-	5.1	-	5.1	(0.6)	4.5
Other comprehensive income	-	0.2	-	3.2	3.4	0.4	3.8
Total comprehensive Income	-	0.2	5.1	3.2	8.5	(0.2)	8.3
Transaction with non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0
Total transactions with non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0
Purchases of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share based payments	-	2.1	-	-	2.1	-	2.1
Total distributions and contributions	-	2.1	-	-	2.1	-	2.1
As at 31 March 2018 (restated*)	0.2	154.6	193.6	(26.4)	322.0	9.7	331.7

^{*} The above condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes, in particular note 8. The Group has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which comparative information is not restated.

Notes to condensed consolidated interim report

1. General information on the Group

AmRest Holdings SE ("The Company", "AmRest") was incorporated in the Netherlands in October 2000. On 19 September 2008 the Commercial Chamber in Amsterdam registered the change in the legal status of the Company to a European Company (Societas Europaea, SE) and of its name to AmRest Holdings SE. Since 12 March 2018 the Company's registered office has been Enrique Granados 6, 28224 Pozuelo de Alarcón (Madrid), Spain. Previously, the Company had a registered office in Wroclaw, Poland.

Hereinafter the Company and its subsidiaries shall be referred to as the "Group".

On 27 April 2005, the shares of AmRest Holdings SE were quoted for the first time on the Warsaw Stock Exchange ("WSE") and on 21 November 2018 were quoted on the Madrid, Barcelona, Bilbao and Valencia Stock Exchanges, through the Spanish Automated Quotation System (Sistema de Interconexión Bursátil - SIBE). Since 21 November 2018 AmRest's shares have been quoted simultaneously on both the above stock exchanges (dual listing).

The Group operates Kentucky Fried Chicken ("KFC"), Pizza Hut ("PH"), Burger King ("BK") and Starbucks ("SBX") restaurants through its subsidiaries in Poland, the Czech Republic (hereinafter Czechia), Hungary, Slovakia, Russia, Serbia, Croatia, Bulgaria, Romania, Germany, France, Austria, Slovenia and Spain, on the basis of franchises granted. Starting from 1 October 2016 the Group as a master-franchisee has the right to grant a license to third parties to operate Pizza Hut Express and Pizza Hut Delivery restaurants (subfranchise) in countries of Central and Eastern Europe, while ensuring a certain share of restaurants operated directly by AmRest. Pizza Hut restaurants acquired in France in May 2017, in Germany in July 2017 and in Russia in June 2018 are operated both by AmRest and its sub-franchisees based on master-franchise agreements.

In Spain, France, Germany and Portugal the Group operates its own brands La Tagliatella, Trastevere and Pastificio. This business is based on own restaurants and the franchise agreements signed with non-related companies. It is supported by the central kitchen located in Spain which produces and delivers products to the whole network of the mentioned own brands. Also, the Group operates its own brands Blue Frog (in China, Spain and Poland) and KABB (in China).

In 2018 the Group acquired the Bacoa and Sushi Shop brands, as a result of which it operates own and franchise restaurants in Spain (Bacoa) and own and franchise restaurants among the others in France, Belgium, Spain, UAE, Switzerland, United Kingdom. Bacoa is a Spanish premium burger chain, and Sushi Shop is the operator of the leading European chain of Japanese cuisine restaurants comprising of 171 shops of which about one third are run by franchisees.

As at 31 March 2019 the Group operates 2 138 restaurants (own and franchise).

The Group operates its restaurants mainly on a franchise basis. However being master-franchisee and performing business through own brands has become more important. The table below shows the terms and conditions of cooperation with franchisers and franchisees of particular brands operated by AmRest.

			Activity where AmRest is a	franchisee	
Brand	KFC	Pizza Hut Dine-In	Pizza Hut Express, Delivery	Burger King	Starbucks 1)
Franchisor/ Partner	KFC Europe Sarl (US Branch)	PH Europe Sarl (US Branch)	PH Europe Sarl (US Branch)	Burger King Europe GmbH	Starbucks Coffee International, Inc/Starbucks EMEA Ltd., Starbucks Manufacturing EMEA B.V.
Area covered by the agreement	Poland, Czechia, Hungary, Bulgaria, Serbia, Croatia, Russia, Spain, Germany, France, Austria, Slovenia	Poland	Poland, Czechia, Hungary, France, Russia, Germany, Slovakia. Possibility of opening in: Bulgaria, Serbia, Croatia, Slovenia	Poland, Czechia, Bulgaria, Slovakia. Possibility of opening in Romania	Poland, Czechia, Hungary, Romania, Bulgaria, Germany, Slovakia. Possibility of opening in Serbia
Term of agreement	10 years with possibility of extension for a further 10 years	10 years with possibility of extension for a further 10 years	10 years with possibility of extension for a further 10 years and 5 years	Poland, Czechia, Bulgaria – 20 years or 10 years 4) Since 20 November 2018: 10 years for restaurants opened during the agreed development period.	15 years, possibility of extension for a further 5 years; in Romania till 10 October 2023 16 years, in Bulgaria till 1 October 2027 20 years
Preliminary fee	up to USD 51.2 thousand 2)	up to USD 51.2 thousand 2)	USD 25.6 thousand 2)	USD 50 thousand or USD 25 thousand, in Czechia USD 60 thousand 4) Since 20 November 2018: USD 30 thousand for restaurants opened during the agreed development period.	USD 25 thousand
Franchise fee	6% of sales revenues 3)	6% of sales revenues 3)	6% of sales revenues 3)	5% of sales revenues, in Czechia (for 5 restaurants) 3% of sales revenues for first 5 years, then 5% Since 20 November 2018 for restaurants opened during the agreed development period: 3,5% of revenues in first 2 years growing to 4%, 4,5% and 5% in next years.	6% of sales revenues
Marketing costs	5% of sales revenues	5% of sales revenues	6% of sales revenues to 31 December 2021; 5% of sales revenues from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2026 3)	5% of sales revenues, in Czechia 3% of sales revenues for first 3 years, then 5%. Since 20 November 2018 for restaurants opened during the agreed development period 4% or 5% of sales revenues (depending on the country) and 3% for flagships.	amount agreed each year

Activity performed through own brands						
Brand	La Tagliatella	Blue Frog	KABB	Васоа	Sushi Shop	
Area of the activity	Spain, France, Germany, Portugal	China, Spain, Poland	China	Spain	France, Spain, Belgium, Italy, Switzerland, Luxemburg, United Kingdom	

Brand	Pizza Hut Dine-In	Pizza Hut Express, Delivery	La Tagliatella	Blue Frog	BACOA	Sushi Shop
Partner	PH Europe S.à.r.l., (US Branch), Yum Restaurants International Holdings LLC	PH Europe S.à.r.l., (US Branch), Yum Restaurants International Holdings LLC	Own brand	Own brand	Own brand	Own brand
Area covered by the agreement	Germany, Russia, Armenia and Azerbaijan	Germany, France, CEE (Bulgaria, Hungary, Czechia, Poland, Slovakia, Slovenia, Serbia, Croatia), Russia, Armenia and Azerbaijan	Spain, France	Spain	Spain	France, Spain, Germany, Portugal, Belgium, Italy, UAE, Saudi Arabia, Iran 5), Switzerland, Luxemburg, United Kingdom, the Netherlands
Term of agreement	10 years with possibility of extension	10 years with possibility of extension	10 years with possibility of extension	10 years with possibility of extension	10 years with possibility of extension	Franchise agreements: 5 years with a limited territorial exclusivity and EADA (area development agreement): exclusivity for specific territories granted to from 2 up to 14 years.

¹⁾ AmRest Group took up 82% and Starbucks 18% of the share capital of the newly-established companies in Poland, Czechia and Hungary. Starting from the ninth year Starbucks has an unconditional option of increasing its shares to a maximum of 50%. In the event of a disputed take-over or change of control over the Company and/or its shareholders, Starbucks will be entitled to increase its share to 100% by purchasing shares from the Group. According to Group assessment as at the day of this report issuance, there are no indicators making the mentioned above options realizable. The Group acquired 100% of shares in Romanian and Bulgarian entities, being the sole operators in these markets. In Germany the Group acquired 100% of shares in a key operator in this market.

- 2) The fee is updated at the beginning of each calendar year for inflation.
- 3) Preliminary franchise fees and marketing costs might be changed if certain conditions set in the agreement are met.

5) The Board of Directors resolved not to be present in Iran.

⁴⁾ Validity period of franchisee agreement, therefore licenses for Burger King restaurants opened in Poland in the period from 1 March 2009 till 30 June 2010, and also for newly-opened restaurants in Poland was extended from 10 to 20 years since the date of restaurant opening, however, without the option of prolongation for the next 10 years, which was provided in the original development agreement with AmRest Sp. z o.o. In relation to restaurants opened in Poland in the period from 1 March 2009 to 30 June 2010 and in relation to restaurants opened after this period (for franchise agreements for 20 years) the initial franchise payment was increased from USD 25,000 to USD 50,000. On 20 November 2018 a new Development Agreement was signed.

2. Group Structure

As at 31 March 2019, the Group comprised the following subsidiaries:

Company name	Registered office	Parent/non-controlling undertaking	Owner-ship interest and	Date of effective contro
		Holding activity	total vote	
AmRest Acquisition Subsidiary	Birkirkara, Malta	Holding activity AmRest Holdings SE	100 00%	May 200
Ltd.	DII KII Kai a, iviaita	Affikest Holdings SE	100.00%	May 200
AmRest TAG S.L.U.	Madrid, Spain	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	March 201
AmRestavia S.L.U.	Madrid, Spain	AmRest TAG S.L.U.	100.00%	April 201
Restauravia Grupo Empresarial	Madrid, Spain	AmRestavia S.L.U.	16.52%	April 201
S.L.		AmRest TAG S.L.U.	83.48%	
AmRest HK Ltd	Hong Kong, China	AmRest Holdings SE	100.00%	September 201
AmRest China Group PTE Ltd	Singapore	AmRest Holdings SE	100.00%	December 201
Bigsky Hospitality Group Ltd	Hong Kong, China	AmRest China Group PTE Ltd	100.00%	December 201
New Precision Ltd	Apia, Samoa	AmRest China Group PTE Ltd	100.00%	December 201
Horizon Group Consultants	Road Town, British Virgin Islands	AmRest China Group PTE Ltd	100.00%	December 201
AmRest Management Kft	Budapest, Hungary	AmRest Kft	99.00%	August 201
CM Invest SDI	Princellos Polgium	AmRest Capital Zrt	1.00%	October 201
GM Invest SRL	Bruxelles, Belgium	AmRest Capital Zrt GM Invest SRL	100.00% 9.47%	October 201
Sushi Shop Group SAS	Paris, France	AmRest Capital Zrt	9.47%	October 2018
AmRest France SAS	Paris, France	AmRest Holdings SE	100.00%	December 201
Sushi Shop Management SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Group SAS	100.00%	October 201
Sushi Shop Belgique SA	Bruxelles, Belgium	Sushi Shop Group SAS	100.00%	October 201
Sushi Shop Holding USA LLC	Dover Kent, USA	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 201
Sushi Shop Luxembourg SARL	Luxembourg	Sushi Shop Group SAS	100.00%	October 201
Sushi Shop Switzerland SA	Fribourg, Switzerland	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 201
	Restaurant, fra	anchise and master-franchise activity		
AmRest Sp. z o.o.	Wroclaw, Poland	AmRest Holdings SE	100.00%	December 2000
AmRest s.r.o.	Prague, Czechia	AmRest Holdings SE	100.00%	December 2000
AmRest Kft	Budapest, Hungary	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	June 2006
AmRest Coffee Sp. z o.o.	Wroclaw, Poland	AmRest Sp. z o.o. Starbucks Coffee International,Inc.	82.00% 18.00%	March 2007
AmRest EOOD	Sofia, Bulgaria	AmRest Holdings SE	100.00%	April 2007
OOO AmRest	Saint Petersburg, Russia	AmRest Acquisition Subsidiary Inc. AmRest Sp. z o.o.	44.72% 55.28%	July 2007
AmRest Coffee s.r.o.	Prague, Czechia	AmRest Sp. z o.o. Starbucks Coffee International,Inc.	82.00% 18.00%	August 2007
AmRest Kávézó Kft	Budapest, Hungary	AmRest Sp. z o.o. Starbucks Coffee International, Inc.	82.00%	August 2007
AmRest d.o.o.	Belgrade, Serbia	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	18.00% 60.00%	October 2007
, with est a.o.o.	Beigiade, Serbia	ProFood Invest GmbH	40.00%	October 2007
Restauravia Food S.L.U.	Madrid, Spain	Restauravia Grupo Empresarial S.L.	100.00%	April 2011
Pastificio Service S.L.U.	Madrid, Spain	Restauravia Grupo Empresarial S.L.	100.00%	April 2011
AmRest Adria d.o.o.	Zagreb, Croatia	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	October 2011
AmRest GmbH i.L.*	Cologne, Germany	AmRestavia S.L.U.	100.00%	March 2012
AmRest SAS	Lyon, France	AmRestavia S.L.U.	100.00%	April 2012
AmRest Adria 2 d.o.o.	Ljubljana, Slovenia	AmRest Sp. z o.o	100.00%	August 2012
Frog King Food&Beverage Management Ltd	Shanghai, China	Bigsky Hospitality Group Ltd	100.00%	December 2012
Blue Frog Food&Beverage Management Ltd	Shanghai, China	New Precision Ltd	100.00%	December 2012
Shanghai Kabb Western Restaurant Ltd	Shanghai, China	Horizon Group Consultants	100.00%	December 2012
AmRest Skyline GMBH	Cologne, Germany	AmRestavia S.L.U.	100.00%	October 2013
Kai Zhen Food and Beverage Management (Shanghai) Ltd	Shanghai, China	BlueFrog Food&Beverage Management Ltd	100.00%	March 2014
AmRest Coffee EOOD	Sofia, Bulgaria	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	June 2015
AmRest Coffee S.r.l.	Bucharest, Romania	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	June 2015
AmRest Coffee SK s.r.o.	Bratislava, Slovakia	AmRest s.r.o.	99.00%	December 2015
	445.4.4, 510.44114	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	1.00%	2000.71007 2070
AmRest Coffee Deutschland	Munich, Germany	AmRest Kaffee Sp. z o.o.	77.00%	May 2016

Company name	Registered office	Parent/non-controlling undertaking	Owner-ship interest and total vote	Date of effective contro
Sp. z o.o. & Co. KG		AmRest Capital Zrt	23.00%	
AmRest DE Sp. z o.o. & Co. KG	Berlin, Germany	AmRest Kaffee Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	December 2016
The Grill Concept S.L.U.	Madrid, Spain	Pastificio Service S.L.U.	100.00%	December 2016
Kai Fu Restaurant Management (Shanghai) Co., Ltd	Shanghai, China	Blue Frog Food&Beverage Management Ltd	100.00%	December 2016
LTP La Tagliatella Portugal, Lda	Lisbon, Portugal	AmRest TAG S.L.U. AmRestavia S.L.U.	74.00% 26.00%	February 2017
AmRest AT GmbH	Vienna, Austria	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	March 2017
AmRest Topco France SAS	Paris, France	AmRest France SAS	100.00%	May 2017
AmRest Delco France SAS	Paris, France	AmRest Topco France SAS	100.00%	May 2017
AmRest Opco SAS***	Paris, France	AmRest France SAS	100.00%	July 2017
OOO Chicken Yug	Saint Petersburg, Russia	OOO AmRest	100.00%	October 2017
OOO Pizza Company	Saint Petersburg, Russia	AmRest Acquisition Subsidiary Ltd. OOO AmRest	99.9% 0.1%	November 2017
AmRest Coffee SRB d.o.o.	Belgrade, Serbia	AmRest Holdings SE	100.00%	November 2017
AmRest Chamnord SAS	Paris, France	AmRest Opco SAS	100.00%	March 2018
AmRest SK s.r.o.	Bratislava, Slovakia	AmRest s.r.o. AmRest Sp. z o.o.	99.00%	April 2018
AmRest Pizza GmbH	Berlin, Germany	AmRest DE Sp. z o.o. & Co. KG	100.00%	June 2018
Black Rice S.L.U.	Madrid, Spain	AmRest TAG S.L.U.	100,00%	July 2018
Bacoa Holding S.L.U.	Madrid, Spain	AmRest TAG S.L.U.	100,00%	July 2018
Sushi Shop Restauration SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Orphus SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS Eloise CAZAL	85.00% 15.00%	October 2018
Sushiga SARL	Paris France	Sushi Shop Management SAS Emmanuel GARFIN	50.00% 50.00%	October 2018
Altana SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Tomemma SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Antibes Developpement	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Group SAS	60.00%	October 2018
SAS Sushi Courbevoie	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS Sushi Shop Group SAS	40.00% 100.00%	October 2018
Developpement SARL Sushi Nice Developpement SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Lepic SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Martyrs SARL	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Levallois SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Courcelles SARL	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Martyrs SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Secretan SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop ST Dominique SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Villers SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Group SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Vincennes SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Corner SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Restauration SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Corner M SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Restauration SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Art Sushi Marseille SAS	Marseille, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Vieux Lille SAS	Lille, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Lille Centre SAS	Lille, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Toulouse Developpement SARL	Paris France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Traiteur SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
SSC – Sushi Shop Cauderan SAS	Bordeaux, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
SSBC – Sushi Shop Bordeaux Chartrons SAS	Bordeaux, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
SSB Sushi Shop Bordeaux SAS	Bordeaux, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
SSM – Sushi Shop Merignac SAS	Bordeaux France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
AIX Sushi House SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
ART Sushi ST Barnabe SARL	Marseille, France	Art Sushi Marseille SAS	100.00%	October 2018
ART Sushi Delibes SARL	Marseille, France	Art Sushi Marseille SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Marseille Developpement SARL	Marseille, France	Art Sushi Marseille SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Zen'itude SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Courcelles SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushinantes SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018

Company name	Registered office	Parent/non-controlling undertaking	Owner-ship interest and total vote	Date of effective control
Gelau SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Bottega Romana Courcelles SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Restauration SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Bottega Romana Boetie SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Restauration SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Grand Ouest SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Rouen SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Toulouse 3 SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Angers SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Grand Ouest SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop La Rochelle SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Grand Ouest SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Le Mans SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Grand Ouest SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Tours SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Grand Ouest SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Caen SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Grand Ouest SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Black Box SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Bontor SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
RCP SARL	Paris, France	Black Box SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sauboget SARL	Paris, France	Black Box SAS	100.00%	October 2018
HP2L SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Nice 2 SARL	Paris, France	Sushi Nice Developpement SAS	100.00%	October 2018
CR Developpement SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi 54 SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi 21 SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Rennes Nemours SARL	Paris, France	HP2L SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Corner Saint Gregoire SARL	Paris, France	HP2L SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Lyon 64 SAS	Paris, France	Sushi Shop Management SAS	100.00%	October 2018
SSW 1 SPRL	Waterloo, Belgium	Sushi Shop Belgique SA	100.00%	October 2018
SSW 2 SPRL	Wavre, Belgium	Sushi Shop Belgique SA	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi House SA	Luxembourg	Midicapital Sushi Shop Luxembourg SARL	14.00% 86.00%	October 2018
Sushi Sablon SA	Bruxelles, Belgium	Sushi Shop Belgique SA	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop London Pvt LTD	London, United Kingdom	Sushi Shop Group SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Louise SA	Bruxelles, Belgium	Sushi Shop Belgique SA Midicapital	54,80% 45,20%	October 2018
Sushi Shop UK Pvt LTD	Charing, United Kingdom	Sushi Shop Group SAS	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Uccle SA	Uccle, Belgium	Sushi Shop Belgique SA	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Anvers SA	Bruxelles, Belgium	Sushi Shop Belgique SA	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Geneve SA	Geneva, Switzerland	Sushi Shop Switzerland SA	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Lausanne SARL	Lasanne, Switzerland	Sushi Shop Switzerland SA	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Madrid S.L.	Madrid, Spain	Sushi Shop Management SAS Carlos Santin	63.00% 37.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Milan SRL	Milan, Italy	Sushi Shop Management SAS Vanray SRL	70.00% 30.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop NE USA LLC	New York, USA	Sushi Shop Holding USA LLC	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop NY1	New York, USA	Sushi Shop Holding USA LLC Sushi Shop NE USA LLC	64.00% 36.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop NY2	New York, USA	Sushi Shop Holding USA LLC	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop International SA	Bruxelles, Belgium	Sushi Shop Group SAS Sushi Shop Belgique SA	99.90% 0.10%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Zurich GMBH	Zurich, Switzerland	Sushi Shop Switzerland SA	100.00%	October 2018
Sushi Shop Nyon SARL Sushi Shop NL B.V.	Nyon, Switzerland Amsterdam,	Sushi Shop Switzerland SA Sushi Shop Group SAS	100.00% 100.00%	October 2018 October 2018
·	Netherlands	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		ervices and others for the Group		
AmRest LLC	Wilmington, USA	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	July 2008
AmRest Capital Zrt	Budapest, Hungary	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	November 2011
AmRest Work Sp. z o.o.	Wroclaw, Poland	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	March 2012
La Tagliatella International Kft	Budapest, Hungary	AmRestavia S.L.U.	100.00%	November 2012
La Tagliatella Financing Kft**	Budapest, Hungary	AmRestavia S.L.U.	100.00%	November 2012
La Tagliatella SAS	Lyon, France	AmRestavia S.L.U.	100.00%	March 2014

Company name	Registered office	Parent/non-controlling undertaking	Owner-ship interest and total vote	Date of effective control
AmRest FSVC LLC	Wilmington, USA	AmRest Holdings SE	100.00%	November 2014
AmRest Kaffee Sp. z o.o.	Wroclaw, Poland	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	March 2016
Restaurant Partner Polska Sp. z o.o. ****	Łódź, Poland	AmRest Holdings SE	100.00%	August 2017
AmRest Estate SAS	Paris, France	AmRest Opco SAS	100.00%	September 2017
AmRest Leasing SAS	Paris, France	AmRest Opco SAS	100.00%	September 2017
OOO RusCo Food	Saint Petersburg, Russia	AmRest Management Kft	100.00%	August 2018
AmRest Trademark Kft	Budapest, Hungary	AmRest Management Kft	100.00%	September 2018
AmRest Franchise Sp. z o.o.	Wrocław, Poland	AmRest Sp. z o.o. Michał Lewandowski	99,00% 1.00%	December 2018
	Supply services	for restaurants operated by the Group		
SCM Czech s.r.o.	Prague, Czechia	SCM Sp. z o.o. Ondrej Razga	90.00% 10.00%	March 2007
SCM Sp. z o.o.	Warsaw, Poland	AmRest Sp. z o.o.	51.00%	October 2008
		R&D Sp. z o.o.	43.80%	
		Beata Szafarczyk-Cylny	5.00%	
		Zbigniew Cylny	0.20%	
SCM Due Sp. z o.o.	Warsaw, Poland	SCM Sp. z o.o.	100.00%	October 2014

^{*} On 25 November 2016 Amrestavia, S.L.U., the sole shareholder of AmRest GmbH, decided to liquidate this company. The liquidation process has not been finished up until the date of this Report.

On 31 January 2019 Sushi Shop Management SAS sold 100% of shares of Sushi Shop Amiens SARL to RM RESTAURANTES SAS. Effective date of transaction is 1 February 2019.

On 16 April 2019 a new company LTP La Tagliatella II Franchise Portugal Lda. was registered. The shareholders of the company are: AmRest TAG S.L.U. 74% and AmRestavia S.L.U. 26%.

On 16 April 2019 OOO Pizza Company has changed it's name to OOO AmRest Pizza.

3. Basis of preparation

Accounting figures presented in this condensed consolidated report were prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ("IFRS").

Amounts in this consolidated interim report are presented in euro (EUR), rounded off to full millions with one decimal place.

This interim report does not include all the notes of the type normally included in an annual financial report. Accordingly, this report should be read with conjunction with the consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The preparation of this condensed consolidated interim report requires to make certain assumptions and estimates that affect the application of the Group's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates and judgments are continually verified, and are based on professional experience and various factors, including expectations of future events, that are deemed to be justified in given circumstances. The results of the estimates and the respective assumptions are the basis for assessing the values of assets or liabilities which do not result directly from other sources.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim report are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of 1 January 2019.

^{**} On 5 September 2017 Amrestavia, S.L.U., the sole shareholder of La Tagliatella Financing Kft, decided to liquidate this company. The liquidation process has not been finished up until the date of this Report.

^{***} On 1 January 2019 Versaillies Resto SAS was merged into AmRest Opco SAS

^{****} On 13 March 2019 AmRest Holding SE has aquired 49% of shares of Restaurant Partner Polska Sp. z o.o. On this day AmRest Holdings SE has became sole shareholder of Restaurant Partner Polska Sp. z o.o.

Since 1 January 2019 Group applied for the first time IFRS 16 Leases. Application of this standard has a material impact on Group's consolidated statement of financial position, as well consolidated income statements and consolidated cash flows statement. Disclosures on the impact of IFRS 16 on the Group's financial information as at 1 January 2019 as well as other adjustments of standard adoption are disclosed in note 12.

Group applied IFRS 16 Leases using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, on initial recognition, the Group recognise the same balance of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, and implementation of standard does not have impact on Group's equity. Comparative data are not restated.

As a consequence comparative data presented in this condensed consolidated interim report are not fully comparable to reporting period data.

Several other amendments and interpretations apply for the first time in 2019, but do not have any material impact on the interim report of the Group.

The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

4. Segment reporting

AmRest as a group of dynamic developing entities running operations in many markets and various restaurant business segments is under constant analysis of the Board of Directors. The Board is also constantly reviewing the way business is analysed and adjusts it accordingly to changes in the Group's structure as a consequence of strategic decisions.

Group produces various reports, in which its business activities are presented in a variety of ways. Operating segments are set on the basis of management reports used by the Board when making strategic decisions. The Board of Directors analyses the Group's performance by geographical breakdown in divisions described in the table below.

Own restaurant and franchise business is analyzed for four operating segments presenting Group's performance in geographic breakdown. Geographical areas are identified based on the similarity of products and services, similar characteristics of the production process and of the customer base and economic similarities (i.e. exposure to the same market risks). Fifth segment includes in general non-restaurant business. Details of the operations presented in each segment are presented below:

Segment	Description				
	Restaurant operations and franchise activity in:				
	Poland - KFC, Pizza Hut, Starbucks, Burger King, Blue				
	Frog,				
Central and Eastern Europe	Czechia - KFC, Pizza Hut, Starbucks, Burger King,				
(CEE)	Hungary - KFC, Pizza Hut, Starbucks,				
	Bulgaria - KFC, Starbucks, Burger King,				
	Croatia, Austria, Slovenia and Serbia - KFC,				
	 Slovakia – Starbucks, Pizza Hut, Burger King, 				
	Romania – Starbucks.				
	Restaurant operations together with supply chain and franchise				
	activity in:				
	 Spain - KFC, La Tagliatella, Blue Frog, Bacoa, Sushi Shop, 				
	France - KFC, Pizza Hut, La Tagliatella, Sushi Shop,				
Western Europe	 Germany - Starbucks, KFC, Pizza Hut, La Tagliatella, Sushi 				
	Shop,				
	Portugal - La Tagliatella, Sushi Shop,				
	 Belgium, Italy, Switzerland, Luxemburg, United Kingdom 				
	and other countries with activities of Sushi Shop.				
China	Blue Frog and KABB restaurant operations in China.				
Durada	KFC and Pizza Hut restaurant operations and franchise activity in				
Russia	Russia, Armenia and Azerbaijan.				

Segment	Description
Other	Other support functions rendered by the subsidiaries for the Group such as e.g. Executive Team, Controlling, Treasury, Investors Relations, Mergers & Acquisitions. Other also includes expenses related to M&A transactions not finalized during the period, whereas expenses related to finalized merger and acquisition are allocated to applicable segments. Additionally, Other includes non-restaurant businesses performed by AmRest Holdings SE, SCM sp. z o.o. and its subsidiaries, Restaurant Partner Polska Sp. z o.o. (restaurant aggregator) and other minor entities performing holding and/or
	financing services.

Segment measures and the reconciliation to profit/loss from operations for the 3 months ended 31 March 2019 and for the comparative 3 months ended 31 March 2018 is presented below. The Group has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which comparative information is not restated.

Three months ended 31 March 2019	CEE	Western	Russia	China	Other	Total
		Europe				
Revenue from external customers	185.8	190.7	43.9	19.7	4.8	444.9
Inter-segment revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Segment revenue	185.8	190.7	43.9	19.7	4.8	444.9
EBITDA	38.0	29.1	8.2	4.7	(3.2)	76.8
Depreciation and amortisation	25.1	21.4	7.2	4.8	0.3	58.8
Net impairment losses on financial						
assets	(0.1)	0.2	-	-	-	0.1
Net impairment losses on other assets	-	0.5	-	-	-	0.5
Profit/loss from operations	13.0	7.0	1.0	(0.1)	(3.5)	17.4
Finance income and costs	(3.1)	(2.4)	(0.4)	(0.3)	(4.1)	(10.3)
Profit before tax	9.9	4.6	0.6	(0.4)	(7.6)	7.1
Capital investment*	15.4	17.8	2.9	0.6	0.1	36.8

As mentioned above segment data include effect of application of IFRS 16 in 2019.

Segment reporting data in prior periods were not restated. For comparative purposes Group presents key measures of Q1 2019 results, as if IFRS 16 was not implemented.

Three months ended 31 March 2019	CEE	Western Europe	Russia	China	Other	Total
EBITDA without IFRS 16 effect	24.1	15.9	4.0	1.4	(3.3)	42.1
Profit/loss from operations without IFRS 16 effect	11.7	5.7	0.8	(0.1)	(3.5)	14.6

Three months ended 31 March 2018	CEE	Western	Russia	China	Other	Total
		Europe				
Revenue from external customers	163.6	125.2	39.4	15.3	3.9	347.4
Inter-segment revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Segment revenue	163.6	125.2	39.4	15.3	3.9	347.4
EBITDA	21.0	11.6	4.4	0.8	(4.1)	33.7
Depreciation and amortisation	11.0	6.7	2.4	1.2	0.2	21.5
Net impairment losses on financial						
assets	-	0.5	-	-	-	0.5
Net impairment losses on other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit/loss from operations	10.0	4.4	2.0	(0.4)	(4.3)	11.7
Capital investment*	10.2	12.6	2.7	0.7	0.2	26.4

^{*}Capital investment comprises additions and acquisition in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

The segment information has been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies applied in these Consolidated interim report.

5. Business combinations

There were no material business combinations in Q1 2019.

In the first quarter of 2019 AmRest Group has not performed any final reconciliation of purchase price accounting for past acquisitions. Several acquisitions including Pizza Hut in France, KFC France, KFC Russia and Pizza Portal have been finalised in the period of Q2-Q4 2018. Adjustments introduced during final purchase price accounting did not materially affect the comparative data presented in this interim condensed consolidated report for the consolidated statement of comprehensive income; cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities in the consolidated cash flow statement and earnings per share, hence there was no need to restate comparative data.

6. Operating costs and losses

Analysis of operating expenses by nature:

	3 months e	nded
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Food, merchandise and other materials	134.4	108.6
Payroll	118.5	85.4
Social security and employee benefits	28.8	21.3
Royalties	20.9	17.0
Utilities	18.7	14.9
External services - marketing	17.7	15.4
External services – other	16.7	14.0
Rental and occupancy costs/ operating leases (2018)	6.4	33.7
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	32.3	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	23.4	18.6
Amortisation of intangibles	3.1	2.9
Insurance	0.6	0.3
Business travel	2.5	1.9
Other	4.3	3.1
Total cost by nature	428.3	337.1
Result on restaurants and non-current assets disposal	0.2	=
Total operating costs and losses	428.5	337.1

Summary of operating expenses by functions:

	3 months ended				
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018			
Restaurant expenses	380.3	297.2			
Franchise and other expenses	14.7	14.4			
Total cost of sales	395.0	311.6			
General and administrative expenses	33.5	25.5			
Total operating costs and losses	428.5	337.1			

7. Financial income and costs

Finance income

	3 months ended			
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018		
Income from bank interest	0.1	0.2		
Net income from foreign exchange differences	0.3	-		
Total finance income	0.4	0.2		

Finance costs

	3 months	ended
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Interest expense	(3.8)	(2.9)
Interest expense on lease liabilities	(6.0)	-
Arrangement fee	(0.3)	(0.3)
Net cost from foreign exchange differences	-	(1.4)
Other	(0.4)	(0.1)
Exchange rate differences on lease liabilities	(0.2)	-
Total finance cost	(10.7)	(4.7)

8. Equity

Restatement of comparative data for statements of changes in equity

Equity balance presented in the comparative condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity as at 1 January 2018 and as at 31 March 2018 have been restated comparing to the data reported in condensed interim report for Q1 2018.

The above restatement refers to the change in the recognition accounting for the initial fees paid by franchisees and is a result of IFRS 15 adoption. Details of IFRS 15 implementation have been described in note 41 to the consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018. The restatement refers to Retained earnings in the amount of EUR 2.3 million. The second restatement refers to the adjustment of final recognition of NCI on acquisition of Pizza Portal in amount of EUR 0.5 million.

Share capital

There were no changes in number of shares issues and total balance of share capital of the Company is the period covered by this interim report.

To the best of AmRest's knowledge, as at 31 March 2019 AmRest Holdings had the following shareholder structure:

Shareholder	Number of shares and votes at	% of shares and votes at the
	the Shareholders' meeting	Shareholders' meeting
FCapital Dutch B. V.*	123 777 447	56.38%
Gosha Holding S.à.r.l**	23 426 313	10.67%
Nationale-Nederlanden OFE	10 718 700	4.88%
Artal International S.C.A.	10 500 000	4.78%
Aviva OFE	7 013 700	3.19%
Other Shareholders	44 118 023	20.10%

^{*} FCapital Dutch B. V. is the majority shareholder of FCapital Lux (holding directly 56 509 547 AmRest shares) and the subsidiary of Finaccess Capital, S.A. de C.V. Grupo Finacces SAPI de CV is the direct majority shareholder of Finaccess Capital, S.A. de C.V. and a subsidiary of Grupo Far-Luca, S.A. de C.V. The direct majority shareholder of Grupo Far-Luca, S.A. de C.V. Mr. Carlos Fernández González, is a member of AmRest's Board of Directors.

On March 27, 2019 Gosha Holdings S.à.r.l. and FCapital Dutch B. V. have executed a share sale agreement pursuant to which the FCapital Dutch B.V. acquires from the Gosha Holdings S.à.r.l. their entire shareholding in AmRest Holdings SE consisting on 23 426 313 shares, representing 10.67% of AmRest's share capital. Transaction price has been agreed at EUR 13.22 per share, amounting an aggregate of EUR 309.7 million. The transaction is expected to be settled on 10 May 2019.

As a consequence, Mr. Henry McGovern and Mr. Steven Kent Winegar, Board members appointed at the request of the Gosha Holdings S.à.r.l. and representing it at the Board, will resign from their positions upon execution of the transaction according to article 11 of AmRest's Board of Directors' Regulations, and effective as of the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of AmRest for the year 2019.

^{**} Gosha Holding S.à.r.l. is a legal entity closely associated with Mr. Henry McGovern and Mr. Steven Kent Winegar, members of AmRest's Board of Directors.

Transactions with NCI

This item reflects the impact of accounting for transactions with non-controlling interests (NCI). The following key transactions were recognised in Q1 2019:

	Transactions with NCI	Non- controlling interest	Total Equity
Transactions with non-controlling interests			
Acquisition of non-controlling interests of Pizza Portal	(4.8)	(0.5)	(5.3)
Total transactions with non-controlling interests	(4.8)	(0.5)	(5.3)

On 25 February 2019 share purchase agreement was signed between AmRest Holding SE and Delivery Hero SE. Based on the agreement AmRest Holdings SE purchased 340 844 shares, becoming 100% owner of Restaurant Partner Polska Sp. z o.o. company. The total purchase price for shares amounted to EUR 5.3 million. Purchase price was paid on 13 March 2019.

Reserves

The structure of Reserves is as follows:

	Share premium	Put option	Payments in shares	Employee options	Treasury shares	Hedges valuation	Transactions with NCI	Total Reserves
As at 1 January 2019	236.3	(40.7)	13.0	(6.3)	(15.2)	(0.5)	19.5	206.1
Net investment hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income tax related to net investment hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transaction with non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4.8)	(4.8)
Total transactions with non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4.8)	(4.8)
Purchases of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	(0.4)	-	-	(0.4)
Share based payments								
Value of disposed treasury shares	-	-	-	(3.3)	3.3	-	-	-
Employee stock option plan – value of employee benefits exercised in the period	-	-	-	(0.6)	-	-	-	(0.6)
Employee stock option plan – proceeds from employees for transferred shares	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	0.3
Employee stock option plan – change in unexercised options	-	-	-	2.3	-	-	-	2.3
Change of deferred tax related to unexercised employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total share based payments	-	-	-	(1.3)	3.3	-	-	2.0
Total distributions and contributions	-	-	-	(1.3)	2.9	-	-	1.6
As at 31 March 2019	236.3	(40.7)	13.0	(7.6)	(12.3)	(0.5)	14.7	202.9

	Share premium	Put option	Employee options	Treasury shares	Hedges valuation	Transactions with NCI	Total Reserves
As at 1 January 2018 (restated)	189.1	(40.7)	(7.8)	(10.6)	2.8	19.5	152.3
Net investment hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income tax related to net investment hedges	-	-	-	-	0.2	=	0.2
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	0.2	-	0.2
Transaction with non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	=	-
Total transactions with non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchases of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share based payments							
Value of disposed treasury shares	-	-	(1.4)	1.4	-	-	-
Employee stock option plan – value of employee benefits exercised in the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employee stock option plan – proceeds from employees for transferred shares	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	0.3
Employee stock option plan – change in unexercised options	-	-	1.8	-	-	-	1.8
Change of deferred tax related to unexercised employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total share based payments	-	-	0.7	1.4	-	-	2.1
Total distributions and contributions	-	-	0.7	1.4	-	-	2.1
As at 31 March 2018 (restated)	189.1	(40.7)	(7.1)	(9.2)	3.0	19.5	154.6

9. Earnings per share

On 20 September 2018 the reduction of the nominal value of shares from 1 EUR to 0.1 EUR with exchange ratio 1:10 without any change in share capital was registered by the Commercial Registry (Registro Mercantil) in Madrid.

On 27 September 2018 Krajowy Depozyt Papierów Wartościowych (KDPW) passed a resolution on registration in KDPW of the reduction of the nominal value of the shares from 1 EUR to 0.1 EUR by dividing the total number of AmRest shares (split) in a ratio 1:10. The effective date of split was scheduled for 3 October 2018.

On 3 October 2018 the share split was executed. As result the total number of Company shares traded on the Warsaw Stock Exchange (the "WSE") increased to 212 138 930, each with a nominal value of 0.1 EUR.

On 15 October 2018 under the share capital increase, the Company issued 7 415 253 new shares, of the same class and series as the outstanding shares in the Company.

As at 31 March 2019 the Company has 219 554 183 shares issued.

IAS 33 "Earnings per share" contains requirements to restate prior periods' earnings per share (EPS) for events that change the number of shares outstanding without a corresponding change in resources, such as the share split in AmRest. Consequently comparative data restated to reflect the effect of share split.

Table below presents calculation of basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share for the 3 months ended 31 March 2019 and 2018:

EPS calculation with the effect of share split	2019	2018 (restated*)
Net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent (EUR millions)	3.7	5.1
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	219 554 183	212 138 930
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share	219 554 183	212 138 930
Basic earnings per ordinary share (EUR)	0.02	0.02
Diluted earnings per ordinary share (EUR)	0.02	0.02

^{*}includes split effect

10. Tax related risks description

Tax settlements of AmRest entities are subject to several tax inspections which were widely described in the note "Taxes" to the consolidated annual financial statements for 2018. Below description refers only to the documents received till the date of approval of this interim report in respect of the inspections initiated in the past.

On 18 February 2019 AmRest Sp. z o.o. received the information from the Tax Administration Chamber that the proceedings aimed at annulment of the final decision regarding VAT returns for 2014 issued by Tax Administration Chamber has been opened due to the severe breach of law done by the Chamber in the decision. At the moment of publication of this Report the decision related to the annulment of the final decision has not been issued.

On 8 February 2019 AmRest Sp. z o.o. received the final decision issued by Tax Administration Chamber regarding VAT returns for the period January – September 2013, which confirmed the decision of the first instance. Due to the fact that the decision is enforceable the Company has calculated and paid the value of approx. PLN 15.2 million (approx. EUR 3.5 million) as a tax liability and value of approx. PLN 6.1 million (approx. EUR 1.4 million) as interest. Total payment of EUR 4.9 (PLN 21.3 million) million was recognised as asset (receivables from tax authorities) in February 2019. The Company does not agree with the decision received and on 11 March 2019 filed the complaint to the Local Administrative Court.

On 8 February 2019 AmRest Sp. z o.o. received the final decision issued by Tax Administration Chamber regarding VAT returns for 2012 which confirmed the decision of the first instance. However due to the fact that the decision is enforceable the Company has calculated and paid the value of approx. PLN 16.8 million (approx. EUR 3.9 million) as a tax liability and value of approx. PLN 8.7 million (approx. EUR 2.0 million) as interest. Total payment of EUR 5.9 million (PLN 25.5 million) was recognised as asset (receivables from tax

authorities) in February 2019. The Company does not agree with the decision received and on 11 March 2019 filed the complaint to the Local Administrative Court.

On 8 March 2019 AmRest Sp. z o.o. received back the amount of PLN 18.4 million (approx. EUR 4.3 million) of interest that was unnecessarily paid together with part of the basic amount for 2012 and 2013.

On 12 December 2018 a tax inspection started at AmRest Sp. z o.o. regarding VAT returns for the period April – September 2018.

On 28 February 2019 AmRest Sp. z o.o. received the tax protocol issued by the Head of the Lower Silesia Tax Office which questioning that VAT settlements for this period. On 14 March 2019 the company filed the reservations to this protocol. On 25 March 2019 the company received the response to the submitted reservations. The Head of the Lower Silesia Tax Office upheld the allegations described in the protocol.

The documents and decisions described above does not change the Group's risk assessment. Therefore, the Group maintains the judgement that as at 31 March 2019 and as at the date of publication of this Interim Report, there are no obligating events, so there are no grounds for booking the additional provisions for the aforementioned risk.

On 25 February 2019 AmRest Coffee Sp. z o.o. received the positive decision issued by the Lesser Poland Customs and Tax Office in Cracow regarding VAT returns for December 2012 – March 2013 confirming correctness of declared VAT for this period.

On 10 January 2019 a tax inspection at AmRest SAS began regarding settlements for the period 1 January 2016 to 31 December 2016. The estimated duration of the tax inspection is 6 months. As at the date of publication of this Report, the inspection has not concluded.

On 12 April 2019 AmRest Topco France SAS received the notification with final adjustment of the tax which terminated the tax proceedings for the following periods: 2014, 2015, 2016 and in regard to VAT settlements: January – August 2017. According to the adjustment, the value of the tax base increased by immaterial amount.

On 23 April 2019 AmRest sp. z o.o. received the notification about the conversion of the tax inspection into tax proceedings. No decision has been issued yet.

In Group's opinion, there are no other contingent liabilities concerning pending audits and tax proceedings, other than those stated above.

11. Changes in the future commitments and contingent liabilities

As in the previous reporting period, the Group's future liabilities are derived from the franchise agreements and development agreement. Group restaurants are operated in accordance with franchise and development agreements with YUM! and subsidiaries of YUM!, Burger King Europe GmbH, Starbucks Coffee International, Inc. Details of the agreements have been described in the note 35 of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for 2018.

Additionally, in regard with the Credit Agreement described in note 26 and 27 of the annual consolidated financial statement for 2018 few entities provided surety. For details please refer to the note 35 of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for 2018. Additionally, in the first quarter 2019, shares of Shushi Group SAS have been pledged as security for the bank financing.

From the date of publication of the annual consolidated financial statements for 2018 there were no significant changes in the future and contingent liabilities.

12. Adoption of IFRS 16

The Group has initially adopted IFRS 16 "Leases" (IFRS 16) from 1 January 2019. IFRS 16 introduced a single, on-balance sheet accounting model for lessees. As a result, the Group, as a lessee, has recognised right-of-use assets representing its rights to use the underlying assets and lease liabilities representing its obligation to make lease payments. Lessor accounting remains similar to previous accounting policies. The Group has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial

application is recognised in retained earnings at 1 January 2019. Accordingly, the comparative information presented for 2018 has not been restated – it is presented, as previously reported, under IAS 17 and related interpretations. The details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed below.

Definition of a lease

Previously, the Group determined at contract inception whether an arrangement was or contained a lease under IFRIC 4 Determining Whether an Arrangement contains a Lease. The Group now assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the new definition of a lease. Under IFRS 16, a contract is, or contains a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. On transition to IFRS 16, the Group elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. It applied IFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases. Contracts that were not identified as leases under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 were not reassessed. Therefore, the definition of a lease under IFRS 16 has been applied only to contracts entered into or changed on or after 1 January 2019.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component on the basis of their relative standalone prices.

AmRest as a lessee

In current business model the Group leases properties in order to operate brand restaurants. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.

In general the Group's rental agreements may include:

- fixed monthly charge for rented space (fixed lease payments),
- rent calculated as a percentage of restaurant's turnover (variable lease payments),
- higher of above two, i.e. minimal base rent and turnover rent.

For individual stores there is a wide range of sales turnover rent ratios applied.

As AmRest Group operates restaurants in various countries, different practices in rental contracts exist:

- variable lease payments may be more or less common,
- lease term varies depending on the country and business environment,
- lease contracts may have extension options, that are available for different periods of time,
- currency of the rental agreement may be different then functional currency of the subsidiary, as lessors often charge the rent based on EUR or USD.

Significant accounting policies and judgements

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rates as the discount rates.

The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payment made. It is remeasured when there is:

- a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate,
- a change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or
- changes in the assessment of whether a purchase or extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

IFRS 16 requires using significant judgements in setting a variety of assumptions. The key areas of judgement were as follows:

• Assessing whether the contract contains a lease

The Group applied the identification scheme published in Application Guidance to IFRS 16 (B31), and analyzed mainly the conditions of asset identification and directing the use of the assets. The Group concluded that all significant contracts containing leases under IFRS 16 had been recognised as operating or finance leases under IAS 17.

• Discount rate determination

The lease payments shall be discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. The Group concluded that due to the nature of property rental contracts that rate cannot be determined, and therefore it uses the incremental borrowing rate. The incremental borrowing rate in 5-year horizon was determined considering conditions for the Group's financing. For contracts exceeding the current financing period (longer than 5 years), the Group applies an average long-term IRS quotation, differentiated by currencies used by the Group, added to the maximum margin available for the Group.

• Determination of the lease term, considering "reasonable certainty" for assessment of extension/early termination options

For certain contracts (mostly in CEE) the Group holds options for extension/termination of the lease period, on a specified conditions. The Group's practice is to assess the reasonableness of exercising options one year before the decision deadline, because in that time all relevant facts and circumstances to make such a decision can be generally available. The assessment of whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise such options impacts the lease term, which significantly affects the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised.

• Non-lease component separation

The Group incurs expenses on maintenance, security and promotion in the shopping malls (so called "common area charges"). The Group decided to separate these services as non-lease components and to recognise them as an operating expense.

Transition

Previously, operating leases were off-balance sheet. The Group recognised operating lease expenses on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, and recognises assets and liabilities only to the extent that there is a timing difference between actual lease payments and the expense recognised.

Under IFRS 16 the Group has recognised new assets and liabilities for its operating leases. The Group used the modified retrospective approach, meaning that comparatives were not restated.

At transition, for leases classified as operating leases under IAS 17 lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the Group's incremental borrowing rate as at 1 January 2019. Right-of-use assets are measured at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments.

The Group used the following practical expedients when applying IFRS 16 to leases previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17:

- applied the exemption not to recognise right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term,
- excluded initial direct costs from measuring the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application,
- relied on its assessment of whether leases are onerous, applying IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets immediately before the date of initial application.

The Group leases a number of cars that were classified as finance leases under IAS 17. For these finance leases, the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and the lease liability at 1 January 2019 were determined at the carrying amount of the lease asset and lease liability under IAS 17 immediately before that date.

From the transition, the nature of expenses related to the leases has changed. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability reduction and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period. The right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Under IFRS 16 only fixed lease payments are accounted through IFRS 16 lease model. Variable lease payments that depend on sales are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the condition that triggers those payments occurs. Turnover rent therefore is accounted as operating expenses.

Impact on financial statements

Impact on transition

The change in accounting policy affected the following items in the balance sheet on 1 January 2019:

	1 January 2019
Right-of use assets	799.5
Property, plant and equipment	(2.7)
Other intangible assets	(0.4)
Other current assets (prepayments)	(9.0)
Lease liabilities – non-current	664.0
Lease liabilities – current	124.3
Other non-current liabilities	(0.6)
Provisions	(0.3)

When measuring lease liabilities for leases that were classified as operating leases, the Group discounted lease payments using its incremental borrowing rate at 1 January 2019. The weighted-average rate applied was 3.1%.

Impacts for the reporting period

As a result of initially applying IFRS 16, the Group recognised EUR 779.5 million of right-of-use assets and EUR 774.4 million of lease liabilities as at 31 March 2019.

Also in relation to those leases under IFRS 16, the Group has recognised depreciation and interest costs, instead of operating lease expense. During the three months ended 31 March 2019, the Group recognised EUR 32.3 million of depreciation charges and EUR 6.0 million of interest costs from these leases. The Group was charged with lease payments amounting to EUR 35.2 million, that reduced the lease liability. Most of those payments would have been recognized as operating cost, if the IFRS 16 Leases had not been applied, because they were mainly related to the leases previously classified as operating leases.

Cash flows relating to leases is presented as follows:

- cash payments for variable lease payment as cash from operating activities,
- cash payments for the principal and interests portion of the lease liabilities as cash from financing activities.

<u>Deferred tax impact</u>

The Group calculates temporary differences based on a difference between lease liability and right of use of asset value as at the end of each reporting period. As at initial application of IFRS 16 tax base of the assets equals its carrying amount. This is because the carrying amount will be fully deductible for tax purposes in future periods. Also, tax base of lease liability also equals its carrying amount. Temporary differences do not arise on initial recognition of the lease asset and lease liability, and thus AmRest does not recognise any deferred tax at initial recognition.

Subsequently, deferred tax is calculated based on a difference between carrying amount of lease asset and lease liability which is equal to difference between depreciation increased by interests and tax deductions (lease invoices values). Deferred tax is calculated using each country applicable income tax rate.

As at 31 March 2019 the Group has recognised deferred tax assets amounted to EUR 0.7 million, as a result of IFRS 16 application.

13. Events after the reporting period

There were no significant events after the reporting period until the date of approval of this interim report.

Part C. Separate Interim Report for Q1 2019

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Interim separate income statement for 3 months ended 31 March 2019

	31 March 2019	31 March 2018 (<i>restated</i> *)
Revenues	4.8	1.0
Net income from the stock option plan	3.4	0.8
Finance income from group companies	1.4	0.2
Other operating income	-	-
Personnel expenses	(0.3)	(0.1)
Other operating expenses	(0.4)	(0.2)
Impairments for credits and receivables	(1.4)	(1.2)
with group companies	(1.7)	(1.2)
Impairments in investments in group companies	(0.1)	-
Results from operating activities	2.6	(0.5)
Finance income	-	-
Finance expenses	(2.3)	(1.3)
Exchange rates gains and losses	0.1	0.4
Net finance income (expense)	(2.2)	(0.9)
Profit before income tax	0.4	(1.4)
Income tax	0.4	0.1
Profit for the period	0.8	(1.3)

^{*}The restatement is described in the section Modifications of the information presented for comparative purposes

Interim separate statement of recognized income and expense for 3 months ended 31 March 2019

	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Profit for the period	0.8	(1.3)
Gain/ loss from measurement of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-
Total recognised income and expenses for the period	0.8	(1.3)

Interim separate balance sheet as at 31 March 2019

	31 March 2019	31 December 2018
Assets		
Intangible assets	0.1	0.1
Non-current investment in group companies	604.0	591.4
Equity instruments	398.6	391.7
Loans to group companies	205.4	199.7
Non-current investments	26.9	26.9
Deferred tax assets	-	-
Total non-current assets	631.0	618.4
Trade and other receivables	1.5	1.5
Receivables from group companies	1.2	1.3
Other receivables	0.3	0.2
Current tax assets	-	-
Current investments in group companies	8.3	6.0
Loans to group companies	5.4	4.6
Other financial assets	2.9	1.4
Cash and cash equivalents	28.0	22.9
Total current assets	37.8	30.4
TOTAL ASSETS	668.8	648.8
Capital and Reserves without valuation adjustments		
Share capital	22.0	22.0
Share premium	237.3	237.3
Reserves	35.1	31.0
Own shares	(12.3)	(15.2)
Profit for the period	0.8	4.1
Other equity instruments	(7.3)	(6.2)
Adjustments for changes in value	(4.9)	(4.9)
TOTAL EQUITY	270.7	268.1
Liabilities		
Non-current provisions	1.3	1.3
Non-current financial liabilities	385.4	355.3
Loans and borrowings from financial institutions	284.4	254.3
Other financial debt	101.0	101.0
Debts with group companies, non-current	4.3	17.7
Total non-current liabilities	391.0	374.3
Current financial liabilities	1.8	1.3
Debts with group companies, current	0.2	0.6
Trade and other payables	5.1	4.5
Trade and other payables to third parties	0.1	0.9
Trade and other payables to group companies	1.5	1.7
Personnel (salaries payable)	0.3	0.1
Income tax payable	3.1	1.5
Other payables with tax administration	0.1	0.3
Total current liabilities	7.1	6.4
TOTAL LIABILITIES	398.1	380.7
TOTAL EQUITY AND TOTAL LIABILITIES	668.8	648.8

Interim separate statement of cash flows for 3 months ended 31 March 2019

	3 month	s ended
	31 March 2019	31 March 2018
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before tax	0.4	(1.4)
Adjustments:	(1.2)	1.1
Impairment losses	1.4	1.2
Share based payments adjustment	(3.4)	(0.8)
Finance income	(1.4)	(0.2)
Finance expenses	2.3	1.3
Exchange gains/losses	(0.1)	(0.4)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	1.4	0.4
Trade and other receivables	2.7	0.7
Trade and other payables	(1.7)	-
Other	0.4	(0.3)
Other cash flows from operating activities	(1.1)	(1.5)
Interest paid	(1.6)	(1.5)
Interest received	0.5	-
Net cash provided by operating activities	(0.5)	(1.4)
Cash flows from investing activities	-	
Increase in investments loans and borrowings with group companies	(17.0)	(3.0)
Proceeds from investment loans and borrowings with group companies	6.2	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(10.8)	(3.0)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from disposals of own shares (employees options)	0.2	0.2
Acquisition of own shares (employees option)	(0.4)	-
Proceeds on issue debt securities and other financial instruments	30.0	-
Proceeds from debt with group companies	-	-
Repayment of debt with financial institutions	-	-
Repayment of debt with group companies	(13.4)	-
Redemption of debt securities	-	-
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	16.4	0.2
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	5.1	(4.2)
Balance sheet change of cash and cash equivalents	5.1	(4.2)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	22.9	24.4
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the period	28.0	20.2

Interim separate statement of changes in equity for 3 months ended 31 March 2019

	Share capital	Share premium	Legal Reserve	Voluntary Reserves	Own shares	Profit or loss for the period	Other equity instruments	Adjustments for changes in value	Total Equity
As at 1 January 2018	0.2	189.1	-	21.4	(10.6)	10.6	(8.8)	(6.8)	195.1
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	-	-	(1.3)	-	-	(1.3)
Transactions on own shares and equity holdings (net)	-	-	-	-	1.4	-	0.7	-	2.1
Transfer of profit or loss to reserves	-	-	1.1	9.5	-	(10.6)	-	-	-
Other equity movements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2018	0.2	189.1	1.1	30.9	(9.2)	(1.3)	(8.1)	(6.8)	195.9
As at 1 January 2019	22.0	237.3	1.1	29.9	(15.2)	4.1	(6.2)	(4.9)	268.1
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	-	-	0.8
Transactions on own shares and equity holdings (net)	-	-	-	-	2.9	-	(1.1)	-	1.8
Transfer of profit or loss to reserves	-	-	0.4	3.7	-	(4.1)	-	-	-
Other equity movements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2019	22.0	237.3	1.5	33.6	(12.3)	0.8	(7.3)	(4.9)	270.7

Modifications of the information presented for comparative purposes

The modifications of the information presented for comparatives purposes are presented below:

	3 months ended 31 March 2018			
	Published	Adjustment 1	Restated	
	EUR millions	EUR millions	EUR millions	
Revenues	0.8	0.2	1.0	
Net income from the stock option plan	0.8	-	0.8	
Finance income from group companies	-	0.2	0.2	
Other operating income	-	-	-	
Personnel Expenses	(0.1)	-	(0.1)	
Other Operating expenses	(0.2)	-	(0.2)	
Impairments for credits and receivables with group		(1.2)	(1.2)	
companies		(1.2)	(1.2)	
Amortization and depreciation	-	-	<u>-</u>	
Impairment in investments of groups companies	-	-		
Results from operating activities	0.5	(1.0)	(0.5)	
Finance Income	0.2	(0.2)	<u>-</u>	
Finance Expenses	(1.3)	-	(1.3)	
Exchange rates gains and losses	0.4	-	0.4	
Impairment and gains/(losses) on disposal of financial	(1.2)	1.2		
instruments	(1.2)	1.2		
Net finance income (expense)	(1.9)	1.0	(0.9)	
Profit/(loss) before income tax	(1.4)	-	(1.4)	
Income tax	0.1	-	0.1	
Profit/(loss) for the period	(1.3)	-	(1.3)	

As it is explained in the BOICAC 79 Consultation n° 2 considering the closeness or similarities that might exists between the activity of a Financial Institution and a Holding company, it should be concluded that the revenues proceed from its financial activities (as long as this activity is considered as an ordinary activity), should be classified as revenues. Taking into consideration the increase in the amount of loans granted to subsidiaries during the year 2018, the Company has decided to reclassify the financial income with group companies to the line revenues.

The company has also reclassified the impairment losses with group companies to results from operating activities.

Recognition and measurement accounting policies

1.1. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

1.1.1. CLASSIFICATION AND SEPARATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments are classified on initial recognition as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the economic substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial asset, a financial liability and an equity instrument.

The Company classifies financial instruments into different categories based on the nature of the instruments and the Company's intentions on initial recognition.

1.1.2. TRADE AND OTHER NON-TRADE RECEIVABLES

Trade and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months from the balance sheet date that are classified as non-current assets. These financial assets are initially valued at their fair value, including transaction costs that are directly attributable to them, and subsequently at amortised cost, recognising the accrued interest based on their effective interest rate and the discount rate that equals the value in books of the instrument with all its estimated cash flows until maturity. Notwithstanding the foregoing, loans for commercial transactions with maturity not exceeding one year are valued, both at the time of initial recognition and subsequently at their nominal value, provided that the effect of not updating the flows is not significant.

At least at the end of the year the necessary adjustments are made for impairment of value if there is evidence that the amounts owed will not be collected.

The amount of the impairment loss is the difference between the book value of the asset and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate at the time of initial recognition. The value of adjustments as well as, where appropriate, their reversal is recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.1.3. INVESTMENTS IN THE EQUITY OF GROUP COMPANIES

Group companies are those over which the Company, either directly or indirectly, through subsidiaries exercises control as defined in article 42 of the Spanish Code of Commerce or which the companies are controlled by one or more individuals or entities acting jointly or under the same management through agreements or statutory clauses. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity or business so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights held by the Group or other entities that are exercisable or convertible at the end of each reporting period are considered.

Investments in group companies are valued at their cost, which is equivalent to the fair value of the consideration given, minus, where applicable, the accumulated amount of the adjustments for impairment of value. However, when there is an investment prior to qualification as a group, multi-group or associate company, the carrying amount of the investment is considered as investment cost before having that qualification. The previous valuation adjustments recorded directly in Equity are transferred to the income statement when the investment is disposed or when there is a loss or reversal of the impairment.

If an investment no longer qualifies for classification under this category, it is reclassified as available-forsale and is measured as such from the reclassification date. If there is objective evidence that the book value is not recoverable, the appropriate valuation adjustments are made for the difference between their book value and the recoverable amount, defined as the greater amount between their fair value less costs to sell and the value in use of the investment. Unless there is better evidence of the recoverable amount, in estimating the impairment of these investments, the net equity of the investee company is taken into account, adjusted for the capital gains existing on the valuation date. The value adjustment and, if applicable, its reversal is recorded in the profit and loss account for the year in which it occurs and presented in results from operating activities (as the possession of investments activities is considered part of the ordinary activity of a Holdings company).

Value in use is calculated based on the Company's share of the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived from ordinary activities and from the disposal of the asset, or the estimated cash flows expected to be received from the distribution of dividends and the final disposal of the investment.

Nonetheless, and in certain cases, unless better evidence of the recoverable amount of the investment is available, when estimating impairment of these types of assets, the investee's equity is taken into consideration, adjusted, where appropriate, to generally accepted accounting principles and standards in Spain, corrected for any net unrealised gains existing at the measurement date.

The carrying amount of the investment includes any monetary item that is receivable or payable for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, excluding trade receivables or trade payables.

1.1.4. NON-MONETARY CONTRIBUTIONS IN EXCHANGE FOR INVESTMENTS IN THE EQUITY OF OTHER GROUP COMPANIES

The equity instruments received in exchange of non-monetary contributions of investments in group companies, are valued at the book value of the assets delivered in the individual annual accounts of the contributor, on the date the transaction is carried out, or at the amount representative of the equity percentage of the business contributed, if this is greater.

1.1.5. FINANCIAL ASSETS AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE

The company classify Financial Investments in equity instruments that intends to hold for an unspecified period and that do not comply with the requirements to be classified in other categories of financial assets as financial assets available-for-sale. These investments are recorded under "Non-current assets," unless it is probable and feasible that they will be sold within 12 months.

They are initially measured at fair value; which in the absence of evidence to the contrary is the transaction price plus directly attributable transaction cost.

Financial assets available-for-sale are subsequently measured at fair value, without deducting any transaction costs incurred on disposal. Changes in fair value are accounted for directly in equity until the financial asset is derecognised or impaired, and subsequently recognized in the income statement.

1.1.6. INTEREST AND DIVIDENDS FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS

Interest and dividends accrued on financial assets after acquisition shall be recognised as revenue. Interest shall be accounted for using the effective interest rate method, while dividends shall be recognised when the equity holder's right to receive payment is established.

Upon initial measurement of financial assets, accrued explicit interest receivable at the measurement date shall be recognised separately, based on maturity. Dividends declared by the pertinent body at the

acquisition date shall also be accounted for separately. "Explicit interest" is the interest obtained by applying the financial instrument's contractual interest rate.

If distributed dividends are clearly derived from profits generated prior to the acquisition date because the amounts that have been distributed are higher than the profits generated by the investment since acquisition, the difference shall be accounted for as a deduction in the carrying amount of the investment and shall not be recognised as income.

1.1.7. DEBT AND TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Financial liabilities included in this category shall initially be measured at fair value. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, this shall be the transaction price, which is equivalent to the fair value of the consideration received, adjusted for directly attributable transaction costs. Nonetheless, trade payables falling due within one year for which there is no contractual interest rate and called-up equity holdings expected to be settled in the short term can be measured at their nominal amount provided that the effect of not discounting the cash flows is immaterial.

The financial liabilities included in this category shall subsequently be measured at amortised cost. Accrued interest shall be recognised in the income statement using the effective interest rate method.

Payables falling due within one year initially measured at the nominal amount, in accordance with the preceding section, shall continue to be measured at that amount.

1.1.8. OWN EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

In transactions carried out by the Company with its own equity instruments, the amount of these instruments shall be recognised in equity as a change in capital and reserves without valuation adjustments. Under no circumstances may it be accounted for as a financial asset of the Company and no profit or loss may be recognised in the income statement. Expenses arising on these transactions, including costs incurred on issuing the instruments such as lawyer, notary and registrar fees, printing of prospectuses, bulletins and securities, taxes, advertising, commissions and other placement expenses – shall be accounted for directly in equity as a reduction in reserves.

1.1.9. OFFSETTING PRINCIPLES

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset only when the Company currently has the legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.1.10.DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Debt or equity instruments that form part of portfolios of similar instruments that have the same rights are measured and derecognised at weighted average cost.

1.1.11.CASH AND CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and sight bank deposits in credit institutions. Under this heading are also included under other highly liquid short-term investments provided that are easily

convertible into cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. For this purpose, investments with maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition are included.

The Company recognises cash payments and receipts for financial assets and financial liabilities in which turnover is quick on a net basis in the statement of cash flows. Turnover is considered to be quick when the period between the date of acquisition and maturity does not exceed six months.

In the statement of cash flows. bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents. Bank overdrafts are recognised in the balance sheet as financial liabilities arising from loans and borrowings.

1.2. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

Foreign currency transactions have been translated to the functional currency using the spot exchange rate applicable at the transaction date.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated to the functional currency at the closing rate. while non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at historical cost have been translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date.

Non-monetary assets measured at fair value have been translated to the functional currency at the spot exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

In the statement of cash flows. cash flows from foreign currency transactions have been translated to Euros at the average exchange rate for the year.

The effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currencies is recognized separately in the statement of cash flows as effect of exchange rate fluctuations.

Exchange gains and losses arising on the settlement of foreign currency transactions and on translation to the functional currency of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in profit or loss.

1.3. **INCOME TAX**

The income tax comprises the current income tax and the income deferred tax.

Current and deferred tax are recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the year, except to the extent that the tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognized, in the same or a different year. directly in equity, or from a business combination.

Current tax assets and liabilities are valued for the amounts that are expected to be paid or recovered by the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date.

The Company as the representative of the tax group, and the Spanish subsidiaries file consolidated tax return.

In addition to the factors to be considered for individual taxation, set out previously, the following factors are taken into account when determining the accrued income tax expense for the companies forming the consolidated tax group:

- Temporary and permanent differences arising from the elimination of profits and losses on transactions between Group companies, derived from the process of determining consolidated taxable income.
- Deductions and credits corresponding to each company forming the consolidated tax group. For these purposes, deductions and credits are allocated to the company that carried out the activity or obtained the profit necessary to obtain the right to the deduction or tax credit.

Temporary differences arising from the elimination of profits and losses on transactions between tax group companies are allocated to the company which recognised the profit/loss and are valued using the tax rate of that company.

A reciprocal credit and debit arises between the companies that contribute tax losses to the consolidated Group and the rest of the companies that offset those losses. Where a tax loss cannot be offset by the other consolidated group companies, these tax credits for loss carryforwards are recognised as deferred tax assets using the applicable recognition criteria, considering the tax group as a taxable entity.

The Company records the total consolidated income tax payable (recoverable) with a debit (credit) to receivables (payables) from/to group companies and associates.

The amount of the debt (credit) relating to the subsidiaries is recognised with a credit (debit) to payables (receivables) to/from group companies and associates.

Deferred tax liabilities are calculated according to the liability method, on the temporary differences that arise between the tax bases of the assets and liabilities and their book values. However, if the deferred tax liabilities arise from the initial recognition of a goodwill or an asset or a liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction does not affect either the accounting result or the taxable basis of the tax, they are not recognised.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available to offset the temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised on temporary differences that arise in investments in subsidiaries. associates and joint ventures, except in those cases in which the Company can control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is also probable that these will not reverse in a foreseeable future.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined by applying the regulations and tax rates approved or about to be approved on the date of the balance sheet and which is expected to be applied when the corresponding deferred tax asset is realized, or the deferred tax liability is settled.

1.4. REVENUES RECOGNITION

The amounts related to income derived from equity investments in group companies are an integral part of the net amount of the turnover of a holding company. Based on the provisions of consultation B79C02 of the Institute of Auditors and Censors of September 2009, therefore the result on the execution of stock option plan by employees, interest and dividends received from subsidiaries are presented in the revenue of the Company.

1.5. PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation, whether legal, contractual implicit or tacit, as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be necessary to settle the obligation and the amount can be estimated reliably. Restructuring provisions include penalties for cancellation of the lease and payments for dismissal to employees. No provisions are recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are valued at the present value of the disbursements that are expected to be necessary to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the specific risks of the obligation. The adjustments in the provision due to its update are recognised as a financial expense as they are accrued.

Provisions with maturity less than or equal to one year, with a non-significant financial effect, are not discounted.

When it is expected that part of the disbursement necessary to settle the provision is reimbursed by a third party, the reimbursement is recognised as an independent asset, provided that its reception is practically certain. The reimbursement is recognised as income in the income statement of the nature of the expenditure up to the amount of the provision.

On the other hand, contingent liabilities are those possible obligations arising because of past events, the materialization of which is conditional on the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events independent of the Company's will.

If it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle an obligation, the provision is reversed.

1.6. SHARE BASE PAYMENTS TRANSACTION

The fair value of work performed by the employees for a consideration payable in options increases costs. The total amount which must be taken to the income statements over the vesting period is based on the fair value of options received. As at each balance-sheet date entity verifies its estimates connected with number of options expected to vest. The impact of the potential verification of initial estimates is recognised by the Group in the income statement in correspondence with equity. The proceeds from the exercise of options (net of transaction costs directly related to the exercise) are recognised in share capital (at nominal value) and in supplementary capital, in share premium.

For share-based payment transactions in which the terms of the arrangement provide either the entity/the Company or the counterparty with the choice of whether the entity settles the transaction in cash or by issuing equity instruments, the entity/the Company shall account for that transaction, or the components of that transaction, as a cash-settled share-based payment transaction if, and to the extent that, the entity has

incurred a liability to settle in cash or as an equity-settled share-based payment transaction if, and to the extent that, no such liability has been incurred.

The subsequent settlement of the liability follows the requirements for a cash-settled share-based payment.

The Company incurred a liability measured at fair value, taking into account the period of service/vesting period and any changes in value are recognised in investments at the end of the period.

At the date of settlement, the Company shall remeasure the liability to its fair value. The actual settlement method selected by the employees will dictate the accounting treatment:

If cash settlement is chosen, the payment will reduce the entirely recognised liability. Any equity component previously recognised will remain within equity, but it could be reclassified to other components of equity;

If the settlement is in shares, the balance of the liability is transferred to equity being consideration for the shares granted. Any equity component previously recognised shall remain within equity.

In the parent company books the operation represents a contribution to the subsidiary that is made effective through the personnel service it receives in exchange for the equity instruments of the parent company the options delivered represents in general a greater value of the investment that the parent company has in the equity of the subsidiary.

When there is compensation agreement or recharge from the parent to subsidiary this operation represents a separated corporate operation of distribution/recuperation of the investment instrumented through the share base payment plan.

1.7. TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN RELATED PARTIES

In general, transactions between group companies are initially accounted for at their fair value. If the agreed price differs from its fair value, the difference is recorded according to the economic reality of the operation. The subsequent evaluation is carried out in accordance with the provisions of the corresponding regulations.

The Company carries out all its operations with Group companies, entities and parties linked to market values. In addition, the transfer prices are adequately supported, which is why the Company's Board of Directors consider that there are no significant risks in this respect from which future liabilities could arise.



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Madrid, 7 May 2019			